

THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013
A COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION
OF
CRESCENT FINSTOCK LIMITED¹

- I. The Name of the Company is **CRESCENT FINSTOCK LIMITED¹**
- II. The registered office of the Company will be situated in the State of Gujarat, in the jurisdiction of Registrar of Companies Gujarat, Ahmedabad.
- III. The objects for which the Company is established are:
 - A. **THE MAIN OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY TO BE PURSUED BY THE COMPANY ON ITS INCORPORATION.**
 1. To carry on the business of Investment / finance Company in all its branches and to invest, sell, purchase, exchange, surrender, extinguish, relinquish, subscribe, acquire, undertake, underwrite, hold, auction, convert or otherwise deal in any shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, negotiable instruments, hedge instruments, warrants, certificates, premium notes, Treasury Bills, obligations, inter corporate deposits, call money deposits, public deposits, commercial papers, options futures, money market securities, marketable or non-marketable, securities, derivatives, and other instruments and securities issued, guaranteed or given by any government, semi-government, local authorities, public sector undertakings, companies, corporations, co-operative societies, trusts, funds, State, Dominion sovereign, Ruler, Commissioner, Public body or authority, Supreme, Municipal, Local or otherwise and other organisations /entities persons to acquire and hold controlling and other interests in the securities or loan capital of any issuer, company or companies.
 2. To act as shares and stock brokers at any place in India in consultations with rules and regulations of various stock Exchange in India including Over the Counter Exchange of India

¹ Name Changed from Crescent Finstock Private Limited to Crescent Finstock Limited on August 03, 1998.

B. OBJECTS INCIDENTAL OR ANCILLIARY TO THE ATTAINMENT OF THE MAIN OBJECTS:

2. To carry on the business of merchant banking, underwriting, portfolio management services, investment advisory services, financial consultancy, stock broking, management, venture capital, custodial services, factoring, credit reference agencies, credit rating agencies, housing finance, foreign exchange broking, credit cards, changing business, micro credit and ruler credit in accordance with and to the permissible under the applicable regulations in respect of each of the above activities in India or elsewhere, and to provide and to engage in all businesses as may be related ancillary to the aforesaid business areas.
3. To carry on the business of providing financial, investment advisory services, management and facilitation services, including but not limited to identifying investment opportunities, conducting analysis and assessment, providing investment recommendations and consultancy service for making available infrastructure (including but not limited to administrative, managerial, logistical, financial, communication information technology facilities/services) to venture capital funds, including the trust beneficiaries and contributors of such funds, other funds (including but not limited to funds for providing debt financing investing in equity, equity linked securities and all instruments as permitted under applicable laws), trusts, investment companies, ventures, corporate, institutional, group and individual investors.
4. To act as an Asset Manager of any trust or fund including any mutual fund, growth hedge fund, infrastructure fund income or capital funds, tax or exempted funds, provident funds, gratuity funds, pension funds, superannuation funds, charitable funds or consortia, and/or all other funds and/or to provide advisory and consultancy services for investments and financial services, financial services consultancy, exchange of research information and analysis on a confidential basis, render corporate advisory services and/or manage a portfolio of securities and to pursue such other activities as may be necessary for attainment of the above purposes.
5. To act as a securitization and reconstruction company and to carry on the business of securitization and/or asset reconstruction and for that purpose to purchase, acquire, invest, transfer, sell, dispose of or trade in participation certificates, participation units, securitized debts, assets backed securities mortgage backed securities or debts whether representing financial assets, receivables, debts, whether unsecured by mortgage of movables or hypothecation charge on movables or otherwise, whether existent, accruing, conditional, contingent, future, performing or non-performing, impaired or unimpaired, otherwise; to purchase, acquire, invest, transfer, sell, dispose of or trade in or issue to public or private investors securities or instruments or certificates issued thereof on discretionary basis or non-discretionary basis on behalf of any person or persons (whether individual, firm, companies, bodies corporate, Government, State, Sovereign public body or authority, supreme, local or trusts, pensions funds, offshore funds, public body or authority, supreme, local or trust, pension funds, offshore funds, charities or other associations or entities whether in private or public sector.

6. To carry on the business as insurance brokers and/or Insurance Agent as per the provisions of the Insurance Regulatory and Development Act, 1999; as amended from time to time, and/or such other activities/businesses as permissible pursuant to the IRDA Act and the Rules/Regulations thereunder.
7. To carry on the business of developing and providing wide range of financial products and services for the purpose of and in relation to the development and establishment of infrastructure projects and facilities.
8. To undertake and carry on, in India and/or abroad the business of buying, selling, leasing, financing of physical assets supporting productive/economic activity such as automobiles, tractors, lathe machines, generator sets, earth moving and material handling equipments, transportation equipment, moving on own power and general purpose industrial machines. buying, selling, discounting, assigning, securitising, factoring any types of receivables, financial assets, debts, actionable claims, both present or future, whether in full or part, from or to any company, person, bank, financial institution or entity and pay consideration / receive consideration for the same.
9. To carry on the business of a loan and finance company and to lend and advance money or give credit to such persons or companies and on such terms as may seem expedient and in particular to the present and/or prospective customers and/or other shaving dealings with the Company and to guarantee the performance of any contract or obligation and the payment of money to any such person or companies and generally to give guarantee and indemnities.
10. To acquire, hold, manage, buy, sell, mortgage charge, lease or otherwise dispose off or grant any right or interest in over or upon any movable or immovable property or asset of any kind, including contingent and reversionary interest in any property in connection with business of the Company.
11. To provide information and guidance on governmental policies and regulations and to assist in obtaining various consents, approvals from Government or other authorities or agencies which may be required for establishing and undertaking or in its diversification or expansion of real estate projects.
12. To do the business of promoting, organizing, procuring, incorporation of and giving financial or other assistance in India or abroad independently or in association with any person, Government or any other agencies, whether incorporated or not, for the main business of the Company.
13. To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares, stocks, debentures or other securities of or interests in any other entity including a Company, having purposes altogether or in part similar to those of this Company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company.

14. To form, incorporate or promote any Company or companies, whether in India or any foreign country having amongst its or their purposes the acquisition of all or any of the assets or control, management or development of the Company or any of its purposes or purpose which in the opinion of the Company could or might directly or indirectly assist the Company in the management of its business or the development of its properties or otherwise prove advantageous to the Company and to pay all or any of the costs and expenses incurred in connection with any such promotion or incorporation and to remunerate any person or company in any manner it shall think fit for services rendered or to be rendered in obtaining subscriptions for or placing or assisting to place or to obtain subscriptions for or for guaranteeing the subscription of the placing of shares in the capital of the Company or any bonds, debentures, obligations or securities of the Company or any stock, shares, bonds, debentures, obligations or securities of any other company held or owned by the Company or in which the Company may have an interest or in or about the formation or promotion of any Company or the conduct of its business or in or about the promotion or formation of any other company in which the Company may have an interest.
15. To act as principals, agents, trustees or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others and by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees or otherwise.
16. To pay for any property or rights acquired by the Company either in cash or by the issue of fully or partly paid shares or by the issue of the securities or partly in one mode or partly in another and on such terms as may be determined.
17. To pay out of funds of the Company all costs, charges and expenses which the Company may lawfully pay for the promotion of any project of any nature and for the payment of technical fees' or with respect to the promotion, formation, establishment and registration of any company and/or the issue of its capital or which the Company shall consider to be preliminary, including therein the cost of printing and stationery, brokers fees and lawyers or any other experts fees and expenses incurred for the formation of agencies, branches and local board.
18. To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interests, cooperation, joint venture or reciprocal concession with any person or persons or partnership firm/firms, or company or companies carrying on or engaged in any business or transaction which the company is authorised to carry on or engaged in.
19. To obtain any information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company or may appear likely to be advantageous or useful to the Company and to use, exercise, develop or grant licences, privileges in respect or otherwise turn to account the property rights in the information so acquired and to assist, encourage and spend money in making experiments of all inventions, patents and rights which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire.
20. To improve, manage, cultivate, develop, exchange, let on lease, mortgage, sell, dispose of, turn to account, grant rights and privileges in respect of or otherwise deal with all

any part of the properties and rights of the company on such terms as the Company shall determine, and to supply power, light and heat and to layout land for building processes and to sell the same, to build on, improve let on building leases, advance money to persons building or otherwise to develop the same.

21. To acquire by purchase, lease, exchange, or otherwise land buildings and hereditaments of any tenure of description situated in India, any estate or interest therein and any rights over or connected with land so situated and to turn the same to account as may seem expedient, and in particular by repairing building site and by constructing, reconstructing, altering, improving, decorating, finishing and maintaining offices, flats, houses, factories, warehouses, shops, wharves, buildings, works and conveniences of all kinds and by consolidating or connecting or sub dividing properties and by leasing and disposing of the same.

22. Provided that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to empower the company to carry on business of banking And it hereby declared that the word "Company", save when used in reference to this Company in this Clause, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or not incorporated, whether domiciled in India or elsewhere.

23. To amalgamate with any company or companies having similar business.

24. To open Bank accounts of all nature including overdraft accounts and to operate the same and to draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue promissory note, bill of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, debentures and other negotiable or transferable Instruments and to deal with all documents, mercantile or otherwise in the ordinary course of business.

25. To act in conjunction with, unite or amalgamate with, create or constitute or assist in creating or constituting any other company or association of a kind similar wholly or partially, properties, rights and liabilities of the Company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this Company and to build up or absorb all or any part of the business or property of any such company or association and to acquire and secure membership, seat or privilege in any association, Exchange, Market or Institution in India or any part of the world.

26. To indemnify Officers, Directors, Secretaries, agents and servants of the Company against proceedings, causes, damages, claims and demands in respect of anything done or ordered to be done by them or in the interest of the Company or for any loss, damages or misfortunes whatsoever, which shall happen in the execution of duties of their office or in relation thereof.

27. To distribute among the members in specie any property of the Company or any proceeds of sale or disposal of any property of the company in the event of winding up and subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956.

28. To guarantee the payment of money unsecured or secured to guarantee or

become sureties for the performance of any contracts or obligations.

29. To enter into any arrangements with the Government of India or any local or Government of India or with the Government of any other state, country, Dominion or with any authorities, local or otherwise, or with any rulers, chieftains, landlords or other persons that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them and to obtain from them any rights, powers and privileges, licenses, grants, concessions which the Company may think it desirable to obtain and to carry out, execute and comply with any such arrangements rights, privileges and concessions.
30. To provide for the welfare of employees or ex-employees of the Company and the widows, families or dependents of such persons by building or contributing to building of houses, dwellings, chawls or by grants of money, pensions, allowances, gratuities, bonus or other payments or by creating and from time to time subscribing or contributing to provident and other funds, institutions and trusts and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards places of instruction and recreation, hospitals, dispensaries, medical and other attendance and assistance as the Company may think fit.
31. To invest monies of the Company in and subscribe for, take, acquire and hold shares, stocks, debentures or securities of any other company or corporation whatsoever, wherever, and to invest monies of the Company on any other securities and in any other manner, including the purchase of any book or other debts.
32. To invest surplus funds of the Company from time to time in government securities or other securities including bills of exchange, acceptance, as may from time to time be determined by the directors and from time to time to sell or vary all such investments and to execute all assignments, transfers, receipts and documents, that may be necessary in that behalf.
33. To accept deposits or raise or borrow moneys with or without security, as may be required for the purpose of achieving the objects of the Company or the development of any movable or immovable properties for the time being and from time to time belonging to the Company, and at such rate of interest and on such terms and conditions as the Company may think fit and proper.
34. To borrow or raise or secure the payment of money, or to receive money on deposit at interest for any of the purposes of the Company, and at such time or times and in such manner as may be thought fit and in particular by the issue of debentures, debenture-stocks, perpetual or otherwise, including debentures or debenture-stocks convertible into shares of the Company or any other company or perpetual annuities and as securities for any such money so borrowed, raised or received, or of any such debenture-stocks so issued to mortgage, pledge or charge the whole or any part of the property, assets or revenue and profits of the Company, present or future, including uncalled capital by special assignment or otherwise or to transfer or convey the same absolutely or in trust and to give the lenders power of sale and other powers as may seem expedient, and to purchase, redeem, or pay off any such securities, and also by a similar mortgage, charge or lien to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company or any other person or company of any obligation undertaken by the Company or any

other person or company as the case may be. The Company shall not carry on banking business as defined under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, subject to provisions of Section 58A of the Companies Act, 1956 and directives of Reserve Bank of India.

35. To give any officers, servants or employees of the Company any share or interest in the profits of the Company's business or any branch thereof, and whether carried on by means or through the agency of any subsidiary company or not, and for that purpose to enter into any arrangements the Company may think fit.
36. To institute, conduct, defend, compound or abandon or compromise and settle any legal proceedings by or against the Company or its officers or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company or also to compound and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any claims or demands by or against the Company.
37. To refer any claims or demands by or against the Company to arbitration and observe and comply with the awards.
38. To purchase, take on lease or exchange, hire or otherwise acquire and maintain suitable buildings, ownership flats, apartments, furniture and other fittings for the purpose of achieving any of the objects for which the Company is established and to construct, alter or keep in repair any buildings, flats or premises required or used by the Company.
39. To enter into agreements and contracts with foreign individuals, companies or other organizations for purchase of equipment and for technical, financial or any other assistance, for carrying out all or any of the objects of the Company.
40. To improve, manage, develop, exchange, sell, transfer, lease, mortgage, enfranchise or otherwise dispose of all or any part of the property and rights of the Company or any part thereof for any consideration which the Company may deem fit to accept including shares, debentures, debenture-stock, bonds or securities of any other company having objects either whole or in part similar to those of this Company.
41. To create any depreciation fund, reserve fund, sinking fund, insurance fund or any special or other fund whether for depreciation, or for repairing, improving, extending or maintaining any of the properties of the Company or for redemption of debentures or redeemable preference shares or for any other purposes whatsoever conducive to the interest of the Company.
42. To open Bank accounts of all nature including overdraft accounts and to operate the same and to draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue promissory note, bill of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, debentures and other negotiable or transferable instruments and to deal with all documents, mercantile or otherwise in the ordinary course of business.
43. To establish, maintain and operate technical training institutions and hostels for

Engineers of all types and other technical staffs and mechanics of all types and kinds and others in India or in any part of the World. to make such other arrangements as may be expedient for the training of all categories of officers, workers, clerks, storekeepers and other personnel likely to be useful to assist in any business which the Company is authorised to carry on.

44. To train or pay for the training in India and abroad any of the Company's employees or any candidate in the interest of or for furtherance of the Company's objects.
45. To establish and maintain agencies, branch places and local registers, to procure registrations or recognition of the Company and to carry on business in any part of the world and to take such steps as may be necessary to give the company such rights and privileges in any part of the world as are possessed by local companies or partnerships or as may be thought desirable.
46. To aid, pecuniarily or otherwise, any association, body or movement having for an object the solution, settlement or surmounting of industrial or labour problems or troubles or the promotion of industry or trade.
47. To establish and maintain or procure the establishment and maintenance of contributory or non-contributory pension or superannuation funds for the benefit of, give or procure the giving of donations, gratuities, pensions, allowances or emoluments to any persons who are or were at any time in the employment or service of the Company, or of any company which is a subsidiary of the Company or is allied to or associated with the Company or with any such subsidiary company, or who are or were at any time Directors or Officers of the Company or of any such other company as aforesaid, and the wives, widows, families and dependents of any such persons and also establish and subsidise and subscribe to any institutions, associations, clubs or funds calculated to be for the benefit of or to advance the interests and well-being of the Company or of any other Company as aforesaid, and make payments to or towards the insurance of any such person as aforesaid and do any of the matters aforesaid, either alone or in conjunction with any such other company as aforesaid.
48. To undertake and execute any trust, the undertaking of which may seem to the Company desirable and either gratuitously or otherwise.
49. To guarantee the payment of money unsecured or secured by or payable under or in respect of promissory notes, bonds, debentures, debenture-stocks, contracts, mortgages, charges, obligations, instruments and securities of any company or of any authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise or of any person or persons whomsoever, whether incorporated or not incorporated and generally to guarantee or become sureties for the performance of any contracts or obligations.
50. To place, to reserve, or to distribute as bonus shares among the members of the Company otherwise to apply any moneys received by way of premium on shares or debentures issued at a premium by the Company or any moneys received in respect of or arising from the sale of forfeited shares.

51. To distribute any of the properties of the Company amongst members in specie or kind.
52. To undertake, carry out, promote and sponsor rural development including any programme for promoting the social and economic welfare, or the uplift of the public in any rural area and to incur any expenditure on any programme of rural development and to assist execution and promotion thereof either directly or through an independent agency or in any other manner. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, "Programme of rural development" shall also include such areas as may be regarded as rural areas under Section 35CC of the Income Tax Act, 1961, or any other law relating to rural development for the time being in force and in order to implement any of the above mentioned objects or purposes transfer without consideration or at such fair or concessional value and subject to the provisions of Companies Act divest the ownership of any property of the Company to or in favour of any Public or Local Body or Authority or Central or State Government or any Public Institutions or Trusts or Funds.
53. To undertake, carry out, promote and sponsor or assist any activity for the promotion and growth of national economy and for discharging social and moral responsibilities of the Company to the Public or any section of the public as also any activity likely to promote national welfare or social, economic or moral uplift of public or any section of the public and in such manner and by such means and without prejudice to the generality of foregoing, undertake, carry out, promote and sponsor any activity for publication of any books, literature, newspaper, etc., or for organising lectures or seminars likely to advance these objects or for giving merit awards for giving scholarships, loans or any other assistance to persons to enable them to prosecute their studies or academic pursuits or researches and for establishing, conducting, or assisting any institutional fund, trust, having any one of the aforesaid objects as one of its objects, by giving donations or otherwise in any other manner and in order to implement any of the above mentioned objects or purposes transfer without consideration or at such fair or concessional value and subject to the provisions of Companies Act divest the ownership of any property of the Company to or in favour of any Public or Local Body or Authority or Central or State Government or any Public Institutions or Trusts or funds.
54. To establish competitions in respect of contributions or information suitable for insertion in any publications of the Company, or otherwise for any of the purposes of the Company, and to offer and grant prizes, rewards and premium of such character and on such terms as may seem expedient.
55. To insure the whole or any part of the property of the Company, either fully or partially, to protect and indemnify the Company from liability or loss in any respect either fully or partially and also to insure and protect and indemnify any part or portion thereof either on mutual principle or otherwise.
56. To apply for and become member of any company, association, body corporate or society having any objects similar to or identical with those of the Company or likely to directly promote the interest of the Company.
57. To undertake financial and commercial obligations, transactions and operations of all kinds.

58. To subscribe or donate in cash or kind, or guarantee money for any national charitable, scientific, educational, benevolent, public, general or useful objects or for any exhibition or to any institution, club, society, scientific research association, fund, university or college.

59. To carry on all or any of the business of money lending, acting as finance brokers, insurance brokers, agents, underwriters, consultants, assessors, valuers, surveyors, mortgage brokers and undertaking the provision of hire-purchase and credit sell finance and of acting as factors and brokers in any line of activity. Provided that nothing contained herein shall enable the Company to carry on the business of Banking as defined in the Banking Regulations Act, 1949.

60. To act as investment consultants and advisors to individuals, firms or companies and for that purpose to keep records and statistics of other companies either manually or by computer.

61. To create a full service trading portal which would act as a trading platform for all types of financial products and services, consumer durables and non-durables, real estate and all other value added services related to these.

IV. The liability of the members is limited.

V.A. The Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 8,00,00,000/- (Rupees Eight Crores only) divided into 80,00,000 (Eight Lakhs) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten only) each.

B. The minimum Paid up Capital of the Company shall be Rs.5,00,000 (Rupees Five Lakhs Only)

We the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed hereunto, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the Capitals of the Company set opposite to our respective names.

Sr. No.	Names, addresses description and occupations of the subscribers with their signatures	No. of Equity Shares taken by each subscriber	Signature, Name, Address, Description and Occupation of Witness
1.	Crescent Holdings & Enterprises Private Limited C-58, Sunder Apartments V.N.Purav Marg Chembur, Mumbai 400 071	40 (Forty)	
2.	For Crescent Holdings & Enterprises Private Limited Sd/- G.S. Sadhasivan Director Florida Holdings and Trading Private Limited C-58, Sunder Apartments V.N.Purav Marg Chembur, Mumbai 400 071	40 (Forty)	N. Gopalaratnam 29/451, Kannanwar Nagar, Vikhroli (E), Mumbai 400 083
	For Florida Holdings & Trading Private Limited Sd/- G.S. Sadhasivan Director		Service Sd/-
3.	SHRI WILBERT R. D'SOUZA S/O. ALBERT M. D'SOUZA 17/A, USHA SADAN, NEXT TO COLABA POST OFFICE COLABA, MUMBAI - 400 005. Sd/- Company Executive	20 (Twenty)	
	TOTAL	100 (ONE HUNDRED)	

PLACE : BOMBAY,

DATED THIS 4TH DAY OF MAY, 1997

THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES (INCORPORATED
UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956)

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

Crescent Finstock Limited

The following regulations comprised in these Articles of Association were adopted pursuant to members' resolution passed at the Annual General Meeting held on 24th August, 2015 in substitution for and to the entire exclusion of, the regulations contained in the existing Articles of Association of the Company.

**ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
CRESCENT FINSTOCK LIMITED**

I. CONSTITUTION OF THE COMPANY				
<i>Table F not to apply</i>	1			CRESCENT FINSTOCK LIMITED is established with Limited Liability in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Indian Companies Act, 1956, but none of the Regulations contained in the Table marked F in Schedule I to the Companies Act, 2013, shall be applicable to the Company except so far as the said Act or any modification there otherwise expressly provides.
<i>Company to be governed by these Articles</i>				The Regulations for management of the Company and for the observance of the members shall be such as are contained in these Articles.
II. INTERPRETATION				
<i>Interpretation Clause</i>	2	(a)		In the interpretation of these Articles, the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless repugnant to the subject or context.
<i>"Alter"</i>			(i)	'Alter' and 'Alteration' shall include the making of additions and omissions.
<i>"Auditors"</i>			(ii)	'Auditors' means those Auditors appointed under the said Act.
<i>"A Company"</i>			(iii)	A Company means a company as defined under Section 2(20) of the Act.
<i>"Board"</i>			(iv)	'Board' means the Directors of the Company collectively, and shall include a committee thereof.
<i>"Body Corporate or Corporation"</i>			(v)	'Body Corporate' or 'Corporation' includes a company incorporated outside India but does not include, (1) a Co - operative Society registered under any law relating to Co-operative Societies, (2) any other body corporate not being a company as defined in the said Act which the Central Government may by notification in the Official Gazette specify in that behalf.
<i>"The Company" or "This Company"</i>			(vi)	The Company' or This Company' means CRESCENT FINSTOCK LIMITED established as aforesaid.

<p>"The Companies Act, 2013" "The said Act" or "The Act"</p>			(vii)	<p>'The Companies Act, 2013', The 'said Act', or The act' and reference to any section or provision thereof respectively means and includes the Companies Act, 2013 and any statutory modification thereof for the time being in force, and reference to the section or provision of the said Act or such statutory modification.</p>
<p>"Debenture"</p>			(viii)	<p>'Debenture' includes Debenture stock, bonds or any other instrument of a Company evidencing a debt, whether constituting a charge on the assets of the company or not.</p>
<p>"Directors"</p>			(ix)	<p>'Directors' means a director appointed to the Board of the company.</p>
<p>"Dividend"</p>			(x)	<p>'Dividend' shall include interim dividend.</p>
<p>"Document"</p>			(xi)	<p>'Document' includes summons, notice, requisition, order, declaration, form and register, whether issued, sent or kept in pursuance of this Act or under any other law for the time being in force or otherwise, maintained on paper or in electronic form.</p>
<p>"Executor" or "Administrator"</p>			(xii)	<p>"Executor" or "Administrator" means a person who has obtained probate or Letters of Administration, as the case may be, from a competent Court, and shall include the holder of a Succession Certificate authorising the holder thereof to negotiate or transfer the share or shares of the deceased members, and shall also include the holder of a Certificate granted by the Administrator- General of any State in</p>
<p>"Financial Statements"</p>			(xiii)	<p>"Financial Statements means:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) a balance sheet as at the end of the financial year; (ii) a profit and loss account, for the Financial Year (iii) cash flow statement for the financial year; (iv) a statement of changes in equity, if applicable; and (v) any explanatory note annexed to, or forming part of, any document referred to in sub-clause (i) to sub-clause (iv)

"In writing"			(xiv)	"In writing" or "Written" shall include e-mail, and any other form of electronic transmission.
"Independent Director"			(xv)	"Independent Director" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in the Act.
"Key Managerial Personnel"			(xvi)	"Key Managerial Personnel" means the Chief executive officer or the managing director or the manager the company secretary; whole-time director; chief financial officer; and such other officer as may be notified from time to time in the Rules.
"Month"			(xvii)	"Month" means English calendar month.
"National Holiday"			(xviii)	"National Holiday" means the day declared as national holiday by the Central Government.
"Office"			(xix)	"Office" means the Registered Office for the time being of the Company.
"Ordinary & Special Resolution"			(xx)	"Ordinary Resolution" and "Special Resolution" shall have the meanings assigned to these terms by Section 114 of the Act.
"Rules"			(xxi)	"Rules" means any rule made pursuant to section 469 of the Act or such other provisions pursuant to which the Central Government is empowered to make rules, and shall include such rules as may be amended from time to time.
"Secretary"			(xxii)	"Secretary" is a Key Managerial Person appointed by the Directors to perform any of the duties of a Company Secretary.
"Members"			(xxiii)	"Members" means the duly registered holder from time to time of the shares of the Company, and shall include beneficial owners whose names are entered as a beneficial owner in the records of a depository.
"The Seal"			(xxiv)	"The Seal" means the common seal of the Company for the time being.
"These presents"		(b)		"These presents" means and includes the Memorandum and this Articles of Association.
Singular Number		(c)		Words importing the singular number include, where the context admits or requires, the plural number and vice versa.

Gender		(d)	Words importing the masculine gender also include the feminine gender.
Persons		(e)	Words importing persons shall, where the context requires, include bodies corporate and companies as well as individuals.
Words and expressions defined in the Companies Act, 2013		(f)	Subject as aforesaid, any words and expressions defined in the said Act as modified up to the date on which these Articles become binding on the Company shall, except where the subject or context otherwise requires, bear the same meanings in these Articles.
Marginal Notes and other Headings		(g)	The marginal notes and the headings given in these Articles shall not affect the construction hereof.
Copies of the Memorandum and Articles to be Furnished	3		The Company shall, on being so required by a Member, send to him within seven days of the requirement and subject to the payment of a fee of Rs. 100/- or such other fee as may be specified in the Rules for each copy of the documents specified in Section 17 of the said Act.
III. SHARE CAPITAL, VARIATION OF RIGHTS & BUY BACK			
Capital and shares	4		<p>The Authorised Share Capital of the Company shall be such amount and be divided into such shares as may from time to time, be provided in clause V of Memorandum of Association. with power to Board of Directors to reclassify, subdivide, consolidate and increase and with power from time to time, to issue any shares of the original capital or any new capital with and subject to any preferential, qualified or special rights, privileges, or conditions may be, thought fit and upon the sub-division of shares to apportion the right to participate in profits, in any manner as between the shares resulting from sub-division.</p> <p>If and whenever the capital of the Company is divided into shares of different classes, the rights of any such class may be varied, modified, affected, extended, abrogated or surrendered as provided by the said Act or by Articles of Association or by the terms of issue, but not further or otherwise.</p>

Provisions of Section 43, 47 of the Act to apply	5			The provisions of Section 43, 47 of the Act in so far as the same may be applicable to issue of share capital shall be observed by the Company.
Restrictions on Allotment	6			The Directors shall have regard to the restrictions on the allotment of shares imposed by Section 39 and 40 of the said Act so far as those restrictions are binding on the Company.
Commission for placing shares	7	(1)	(i)	The Company may at any time pay a commission to any person in consideration of his subscribing, or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any shares in or debentures of the Company or procuring or agreeing to procure subscription (whether absolute or conditional) for any shares in or debentures of the Company and the provisions of Section 40 of the said Act shall be observed and complied with. Such commission shall not exceed the maximum permissible rate as
			(ii)	Company shall not pay any commission to any underwriter on securities which are not offered to public for subscription.
			(iii)	The number of shares or debentures which persons have agreed to for commission to subscribe absolutely or conditionally is disclosed in the manner
			(2)	Nothing in this clause shall affect the power of the Company to pay such brokerage as it may consider
			(3)	A Vendor to, promoter of, other person who receives payment in shares, debentures or money from the Company shall have and shall be deemed always to have had power to apply any part of the shares, debentures or money so received in payment of any commission the payment of which, if made directly by the Company, would have been legal under this Articles.
(4)	The commission may be paid or satisfied (subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles) in cash or in share, debentures or debenture stock of the Company, (whether fully paid or otherwise) or in any combination thereof.			

<p><i>Company not to give financial assistance for purchase of its own shares</i></p>	<p>8</p>		<p>Except as provided by the Act, the Company shall not, except by reduction of capital under the provision of Section 66 or Section 242 of the said Act, buy its own shares nor give, whether directly or indirectly, and whether by means of a loan, guarantee, provision of security or otherwise any financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with the purchase or subscription made or to be made by any person of or for any shares in the Company or in its holding company.</p> <p>Provided that nothing in this Article shall be taken to prohibit:</p>
	<p>8.1</p>	<p>(i)</p>	<p>the provision of money in accordance with any scheme approved by the Company through Special Resolution and in accordance with the requirements specified in the relevant Rules, for the purchase of, or subscription for, fully paid up Shares in the Company, if the purchase of, or the subscription for the Shares held by trustees for the benefit of the employees or such Shares held by the employee of the Company;</p>
		<p>(ii)</p>	<p>the giving of loans by the Company to persons in the employment of the Company other than its Directors or Key Managerial Personnel, for an amount not exceeding their salary or wages for a period of six months with a view to enabling them to purchase or subscribe for fully paid up Shares in the Company to be held by them by way of beneficial ownership.</p> <p>Nothing in this clause shall affect the right of the Company to redeem any shares issued under Section 55.</p>
<p>Buy back of Shares</p>	<p>8.2</p>		<p>Notwithstanding what is stated in Articles 8.1 above, in the event it is permitted by the Law and subject to such conditions, approvals or consents as may be laid down for the purpose, the Company shall have the power to buy-back its own shares, whether or not there is any consequent reduction of Capital. If and to the extent permitted by Law, the Company shall also have the power to re-issue the shares so bought back.</p>

<i>Issue of Securities at a Premium</i>	9			The Company shall have power to issue Securities at a premium and shall duly comply with the provision of Sections 52 of the said Act.
<i>Issue of redeemable preference shares</i>	10			The Company may, subject to the provisions of Section 55 of the said Act, issue preference shares which are liable to be redeemed and may redeem such shares in any manner provided in the said section and may issue shares up to the nominal amount of the shares redeemed or to be redeemed. Where the Company has issued redeemable preference shares the provisions of the said section shall be complied with. The manner in which such shares shall be redeemed, shall be as provided by Article 80 unless the terms of issue otherwise provide.
IV. SHARES AND SHAREHOLDERS				
<i>Register of Members</i>	11	(1)		The Company shall cause to be kept and maintained the following registers namely: (a) Register of members indicating separately for each class of equity and preference shares held by each member residing in India or outside India; (b) Register of debenture-holders; and (c) Register of any other security holders: (d) including an index in respect of each of the registers to be maintained in accordance with Section 88 of the Act.
		(2)		The Company shall also comply with the provisions of Sections 92 of the Act as to filing Annual Returns.
		(3)		The Company shall duly comply with the provisions of Section 94 of the Act in regard to keeping of the Registers, Indexes, copies of Annual Returns and giving inspection thereof and furnishing copies thereof.
<i>Shares to be numbered progressively</i>	12			The shares in the capital shall be numbered progressively according to their several classes.

Shares at the disposal of the Directors	13		<p>Subject to the provisions of the Articles and these Articles, the shares of the capital of the Company for the time being (including any shares forming part of the increased capital of the Company) shall be under the control of the Directors who may issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any one of them to such persons on such proportion and on such terms and conditions and on such premium or at par or at discount as they may from time to time think fit. The Company in General Meeting may give to any person the option to call for or to allot shares of any class of the Company either at par or at premium or subject aforesaid at a discount of such time and for such consideration as such option being exercisable at such times as the Directors think fit. The Directors may allot and issue shares of the capital of the Company in lieu of services rendered to the Company or in consideration of the conduct of its business; and any shares which may be so allotted may be issued as fully paid up shares and if so issued shall be deemed to be fully paid up shares.</p>
Every share transferable etc.	14	(1)	<p>The shares or other interest of a member in the Company shall be movable property transferable in the manner provided by the Articles of the Company.</p>
		(2)	<p>Each share in the Company having a share capital shall be distinguished by an appropriate number.</p>
		(3)	<p>Certificates of Shares :</p>
			<p>A certificate under the Seal of the Company specifying any shares held by any Member shall be prima facie evidence of the title of the Member to such shares.</p>
Application of premiums received on issue of shares	15	(1)	<p>Where the Company issues shares at a premium, whether for cash or otherwise, a sum equal to the aggregate amount of the value of the premiums on the Shares shall be transferred to an account to be called "the securities premium account", and the provisions of the Articles relating to the reduction of the Share Capital of a company shall except as provided in this clause, apply as if the securities premium account were paid up share capital of the Company.</p>

		(2)		The securities premium account may be applied by the Company for the purposes permissible pursuant to the Act.
<i>Further issue of capital</i>	16			The Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 62 of the Act with regard to increasing the subscribed capital of the Company.
	17			If and whenever as the result of issue of new shares or any consolidation or subdivision of shares, any shares become held by members in fractions the Directors shall subject to the provisions of the Act and the Articles and to the directions of the Company in general meeting, if any, sell those shares which members hold in fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable and shall pay and distribute to and amongst the members entitled to such shares in due proportion, the net proceeds of the sale thereof. For the purpose of giving effect to any such sale the Directors may authorise any person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof comprised in any such transfer and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be effected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.
<i>Acceptance of shares</i>	18			An application signed by or on behalf of an applicant for shares in the Company followed by an allotment of shares therein, shall be an acceptance of shares within the meaning of these Articles. The Directors shall comply with the provisions of Sections 39 and 40 of the Act so far as applicable.
<i>Deposit and call etc. to be a debt payable immediately</i>	19			The money (if any) which the Directors shall, on the allotment of any shares being made by them, require or direct to be paid by way of deposits, calls or otherwise in respect of any shares allotted by them, shall, immediately on the inscription of the name in the Register of Members as the holder of such shares, become a debt due to and recoverable by the Company from the allottee thereof, and shall be paid by him accordingly.

<i>Calls on shares of the same class to be made on uniform basis</i>	20	Where any calls for further share are made on shares, such calls shall be made on a uniform basis on all shares falling under the same class.
<i>Return of allotment</i>	21	Explanation: - For the purpose of provision shares of the same nominal value on which different amounts have been paid up shall not be deemed to fall under the same class. The Directors shall cause to be made returns as to all allotments from time to time made in accordance with the provisions of Section 39 of the said Act.
<i>Installments on shares to be duly paid</i>	22	If, by the conditions of allotment of shares the whole or part of the amount of issue price thereof shall be payable in installments, every such installment shall, when, due, be paid to the Company by the person who for the time being is registered as the holder of the share from time to time shall be of the share or his legal representative.
<i>Liability of Members</i>	23	Every member, or his executor(s), administrator(s) or other representative shall pay to the Company the portion of the capital represented by his share in the shares, which may, for the time being remain unpaid thereon, in such amount at such time or times, and in such manner, as the Directors shall, from time to time, in accordance with the Company's regulations, require or fix for the payment thereof.
<i>Liability of Joint holders</i>	24	If any share stands in the names of two or more persons all the joint-holders of the share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of deposits, installments, and calls due in respect of such shares, and for all incidents thereof according to the Company's regulations; but the person first named in the Register shall, as regards service of notice, and all other matters connected with the Company, except the transfer of the share and any other matter by the said Act or hereinafter otherwise provided, be deemed the sole holder thereof.

Registered holder only the owner of the shares	25			Save as herein or by laws otherwise expressly provided, the Company shall be entitled to treat the registered holder of any share as the absolute owner thereof, and accordingly shall not, except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction, or as by statute required, be bound to recognize any benami trusts whatsoever or equitable, contingent, future, partial or other claim to or interest in such share on the part of any other person whether or not it shall have express or implied notice thereof; the Directors shall, however be at liberty, at their sole discretion, to register any share in the joint names of any two or more persons, and the survivor or survivors of them.
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V. CERTIFICATES

Certificate of shares	26			Subject to any statutory or other requirement having the force of law governing the issue and signatures to and sealing of certificate to shares and applicable to this Company for the time being in force the certificate of title to shares and the duplicate thereof when necessary shall be issued under the seal of the Company which shall be affixed in the presence of and signed by (1) two Directors or persons acting on behalf of the Directors under a duly registered power of attorney and (2) the Secretary or some other person appointed by the Board for the purpose; a Director may sign a share certificate by affixing signature thereon by means of any machine, equipment or other mechanical means such as engraving in metal or lithography but not by means of a rubber stamp, provided that the Director shall be responsible for the safe custody of such machine, equipment or other materials used for the purpose.
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Members' right to Certificates	27	(1)	(i)	Every member shall be entitled without payment to the certificate for all the Shares of each class or denomination registered in his name, or if the Board, so approve (upon paying such fees as the Board may from time to time determine) to several certificates, each for one or of such Shares and the Company shall complete such certificate within two months after the allotment or such period as may be determined at the time of the issue of such capital whichever is longer or within one month after registration of the transfer thereof as provided by Section 56 of the Act. Every certificate
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			of shares shall have its distinctive number and be issued under the Seal of the Company and shall specify the number and denoting number of the shares in respect of which it is issued and the amount paid thereon and shall be in such form as the Board shall prescribe or approve provided that in respect of a share or shares held jointly by several persons, the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate and the delivery of a certificate for a share or shares to one of several joint holders shall be deemed to be sufficient delivery to all.
<i>May be delivered to any one of Joint-holders</i>		(ii)	A certificate of shares registered in the names of two or more persons, unless otherwise directed by them in writing, may be delivered to any one of them on behalf of them all.
<i>Shares in Depository form</i>	(2)	(i)	Notwithstanding anything contained herein the Company shall be entitled to dematerialise its shares, debentures and other securities pursuant to the Depositories Act, 1996 and to offer such shares, debentures and other securities for subscription in a dematerialised form.
		(ii)	Notwithstanding anything contained herein, the Company shall be entitled to treat the person whose names appear in the register of members as a holder of any share or whose names appear as beneficial owners of shares in the records of the Depository, as the absolute owner thereof and accordingly shall not (except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction or as required by law) be bound to recognize any benami trust or equity or equitable contingent or other claim to or interest in such share on the part of any other person whether or not it shall have express or implied notice thereof.
		(iii)	Notwithstanding anything contained herein, in the case of transfer of shares or other marketable securities where the Company has not issued any Certificates and where such shares or other marketable securities are being held in an electronic and fungible form, the provisions of the Depositories Act, 1996 shall apply. Further, the provisions relating to progressive numbering shall not apply to the shares of the Company which have been dematerialised.

<i>Issue of new certificate in place of one defaced, lost or destroyed</i>	28			If any certificate be worn out, defaced, destroyed or lost or if there be no further space on the back thereof for endorsement of transfer, then upon production thereof to the Board, they, may order the same to be cancelled, and may issue a new certificate in lieu thereof and if any certificate be lost or destroyed then upon proof thereof to the satisfaction of the Board and on such indemnity as the Board deem adequate being given, a new certificate in lieu thereof shall be given to the party entitled to such lost or destroyed certificate. Provided that no fee shall be charged for issue of new certificate in replacement of those which are old, worn, decrepit out or where the cages on the reverse for recording transfers have been fully utilised.
<i>Board may waive fees</i>	29			The board may waive payment of any fee generally or in any particular case.
<i>Endorsement on certificate</i>	30			Every endorsement upon the certificate of any share in favour of any transferee thereof shall be signed by such person for the time being authorised by the Board in that behalf.
<i>Board to comply with Rules</i>	31			The Board shall comply with requirements prescribed by any Rules made pursuant to the said Act; relating to the issue and execution of share certificates.
VI. CALLS ON SHARES				
<i>Directors may make calls Calls may be made by installments</i>	32			Subject to the provisions of Section 49 of the said Act, the Board may, from time to time, by means of resolution passed at its meetings make such calls as they may think fit upon the members in respect of moneys unpaid on the share held by them respectively and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times, and each member shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the persons and at the times and place appointed by the Board. A call may be made payable by installments.
<i>Call to date from resolution</i>	33			A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising such call was passed and may be made payable by members on a subsequent date to be specified by Directors.

<p><i>Notice of call</i></p>	<p>34</p>		<p>Fourteen day's notice at least of every call made payable otherwise than on allotment shall be given by the Company in the manner hereinafter provided for the giving of notices specifying the time and place of payment, and the person to whom such call shall be paid. Provided that before the time for payment of such call the Board may by notice given in the manner hereinafter provided revoke the same. The Board may, from time to time at its discretion, extend the time fixed for the payment of any call, and may extend such time as to all or any of the members who, the Board may deem fit, shall be entitled to such extension; but no member shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace and favour.</p>
<p><i>Provisions applicable to installments</i></p>	<p>35</p>		<p>If by the terms of issue of any share otherwise any amount is payable at a fixed time or by installments at fixed times, whether on account of the share or by way of premium, every such amount or installments shall be payable as if it were a call duly made by the Board and of which due notice had been given, and all the provisions hereinafter contained in respect of calls shall relate to such amount or installment accordingly.</p>
<p><i>When interest on call or installment payable</i></p>	<p>36</p>		<p>If the sum payable in respect of any call or such other amount or installments be not paid on or before the day appointed for payment thereof or any extension thereof as aforesaid, the holder for the time being of the share, in respect of which the call shall have been made, or such amount or installment shall be due, shall pay interest for the same, from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate not exceeding ten per cent per annum, as shall from time to time be fixed by the Board. Nothing in this Article shall however, be deemed to make it compulsory on the Board to demand or recover any such interest, and the payment of such interest, wholly or in part, may be waived by the Board if they think fit so to do.</p>
<p><i>Money due to members from the Company may be applied in payment of call or installment</i></p>	<p>37</p>		<p>Any money due from the Company to a member may, without the consent and notwithstanding the objection of such member, be applied by the Company in or towards the payment of any money due from him to the Company for calls or otherwise.</p>

<p><i>Part payment on account to call etc. not to preclude forfeiture</i></p>	<p>38</p>		<p>Neither a judgement nor a decree in favour of the Company for calls of other moneys due in respect of any shares nor any part-payment or satisfaction thereunder nor the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall from time to time be due from any member to the Company in respect of his shares, either by way of principal or interest, nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of payment of any such money, shall preclude the forfeiture of such shares as hereinafter provided.</p>
<p><i>Proof on trial on of suit on money on shares</i></p>	<p>39</p>		<p>On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought by the Company against any member or his legal representatives to recover any moneys claimed to be due to the Company for any call or other sum in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the member in respect of whose shares the money is sought to be recovered, appears entered on the Register of Members as the holder, or one of the holders, at or subsequent to the date at which the money sought to be recovered is alleged to have become due, on the shares in respect of which such money is sought to be recovered, and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company or the Register of Members and that the resolution making the call is duly recorded in the minute book, and that notice of such call was duly given to the member or his legal representatives sued in pursuance of these presents; and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made such call, not that a quorum of Directors was present at the meeting of the Board at which such call was made, nor that the meeting at which such call was made duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debts, and the same shall be recovered by the Company against the member or his representatives from whom the same is sought to be recovered unless it shall be proved, on behalf of such member or his representatives against the Company that the name of such member was improperly inserted in the register, or that the money sought to be recovered has actually been paid.</p>

<p><i>Payment of unpaid share capital in advance</i></p> <p><i>Interest may be paid thereon</i></p> <p><i>Repayment of such advances</i></p> <p><i>Priority of payment in case of winding up</i></p>	<p>40</p>	<p>(1)</p>	<p>Board may, if the Board is willing to advance the same, either in money or money's worth the whole or any part of the amount remaining unpaid on the shares held by him beyond the sum actually called up and upon the moneys so paid or satisfied in advance, or so much thereof, as from time to time and at any time thereafter exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon and due respect of the shares on account of which such advances have been made, the Company may pay or allow interest at such rate as the member paying such advance and the Board agree upon, provided always that if at any time after the payment of any such money the rate of interest so agreed to be paid to any such member appears to the Board to be excessive, it shall be lawful for the Board from time to time to repay to such member so much of money as shall then exceed the amount of the calls made upon such shares, unless there be an express agreement to the contrary; and after such repayment such member shall be liable to pay, and such advance has been made, provided also that if any time after the payment of any money so paid in advance, the Company shall go into liquidation, either voluntary or otherwise, before the full amount of the money so advanced shall have become due by the member to the Company by installments or calls, or in any other manner, the member making such advance shall be entitled (as between himself and the other members) to receive back from the Company the full balance of such moneys rightly due to him by the Company in priority to any payment to members on account of capital.</p>
<p><i>No right to vote</i></p>		<p>(2)</p>	<p>The member making such advance shall not, however, be entitled to any voting rights in respect of the moneys so advanced by him until the same would but for such payment, become presently payable.</p>

VII. FORFEITURE OF AND LIEN ON SHARES

<p><i>If call or installment not paid notice to be given to member</i></p>	<p>41</p>		<p>If any member fails to pay any money due from him in respect of any call made or amount or installment as provided in Article 35 on or before the day appointed for payment of the same, or any such extension thereof as aforesaid or any interest due on such call or amount or installment or any expenses that may have been incurred thereon, the Directors or any person authorised by them for the purpose may, at any time thereafter, during such time as such money remains unpaid, or a judgement or a decree in respect thereof remains unsatisfied in whole or in part, serve a notice in the manner hereinafter provided for the serving of notices on such member or any of his legal representatives or any of the persons entitled to the share by transmission, requiring payment of the money payable in respect of such share, together with such interest and all expenses (legal or otherwise) incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.</p>
<p><i>Term of notice</i></p>	<p>42</p>		<p>The notice shall name a day (not earlier than the expiration of fourteen days from the date of the notice) and a place or places on or before and at which the money due as aforesaid is to be paid. The notice may also state that in the event of the non-payment of such money at or before the time and the place appointed, the shares in respect of which the same owed will be liable to be forfeited.</p>
<p><i>In default of payment shares may be forfeited</i></p>	<p>43</p>		<p>If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, every or any share in respect of which the notice is given may, at any time thereafter before payment of all calls or amounts or installments, interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends and bonuses declared in respect of the forfeited shares and not actually paid before the forfeiture.</p>

<p>Notice of forfeiture Entry of forfeiture in register of members</p>	<p>44</p>		<p>When any share shall have been forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the member in whose name the share stood immediately prior to the forfeiture or to any of his representatives, or to any persons entitled to the share by transmission and an entry of forfeiture, with the date thereof, forthwith be made in the Register of Members. The provisions of this clause are, however, directory only and shall not be invalidated by any omission or neglect to give such notice or to make such entry as aforesaid.</p>
<p>Forfeited shares to become property of the Company and may be sold etc.</p>	<p>45</p>		<p>Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and the Board may sell, re-allocate or otherwise dispose of the same, either to the original holder thereof or to any other persons, and either by public auction or by private sale and upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit.</p>
<p>Forfeiture may be remitted or annulled</p>	<p>46</p>		<p>In the meantime, and until any share so forfeited shall be sold, re-allocated or otherwise dealt with as aforesaid, the forfeiture thereof may at the discretion and by a resolution of the Board be remitted or annulled as a matter of grace and favour but not as of right, upon such terms and conditions as they think fit.</p>
<p>Members still liable to pay money due notwithstanding the forfeiture</p>	<p>47</p>		<p>Any member whose shares have been forfeited shall, notwithstanding the forfeiture, remain liable to pay and forthwith pay to the Company all amounts, installments, interest and owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture, together with interest thereon, from the time of forfeiture until payment, at the rate not exceeding ten percent per annum as the Board may determine, in the same manner in all respects as if the shares had not been forfeited, without deduction or allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture and the Board may enforce payment thereof if they think fit, and may do so without entitling such member or his representative to any remission or compensation in respect of the forfeiture or to any compensation in respect of the same, unless the Directors shall otherwise resolve, and the Directors shall have full power to do so in such manner and on such terms and conditions as they shall think fit.</p>

Effect of forfeiture	48			The forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in and of all claims and demands against the Company of the member in respect of the share and all other right of the member incident to the share except only such of those rights as by these Article are expressly saved.
Surrender of shares	49			The Directors may, subject to the provision of the Act, accept a surrender of any share from or by any member desirous of surrendering those on such terms as they think fit.
Certificate of forfeiture	50			A certificate in writing, under signature of one Director and countersigned by any other person who may be authorised for the purpose by the Board, that the call, amount or installment in respect of a share was made or was due or the interest in respect of a call, amount or installment was or the expenses were payable, as the case may be, the notice thereof as aforesaid was given and default in payment was made and that the forfeiture of the share was made by a resolution of the Board to the effect, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated therein as against all persons entitled to or interested in such share.
Title of Purchaser and allottee for forfeited Shares	51			The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the share on any sale, re-allotment or other disposition thereof and the person to whom such share is sold, re-allotted or disposed of may be registered as the holder of the share and shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale, re-allotment or other disposal of the share.
Company's lien on shares	52			The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon all the shares not being fully paid-up shares, registered in the name of each member (whether solely or jointly with another or others) and upon the proceeds of sale thereof, for all moneys from time to time due or payable by him to the Company for calls made and all amounts or installments as provided by Article 35 payable in respect of such shares and no equitable interest in any shares shall be created except upon the footing and condition that Article 25 hereof is to have full effect. Any such lien shall extend to all dividends from time to time declared in respect of such

			<p>shares. Unless otherwise agreed, the registration of a transfer of the shares shall operate as a waiver of the lien, if any, on such shares. The Directors may at any time declare any or all of the shares exempt, wholly or partially, from the provisions of this Article.</p>
Lien enforced by sale	53		<p>For the purpose of enforcing the lien, the Directors may sell, the shares thereto in such manner as they think fit and transfer the same to the purchaser, without any consent, notwithstanding any opposition or objection on the part of the indebted member or any person or persons interested therein. A complete title to the shares which are sold and transferred shall be given by the purchaser, by virtue of such sale and transfer, against such member and all persons claiming under him whether he is indebted to the Company in fact or not. But no such sale shall be made until notice in writing stating the amount due or specifying the liability, engagement and demanding payment, fulfillment or discharge thereof and stating the intention to sell in default shall have been served upon such member or his heirs, executor(s), administrator(s) or representative(s) or persons and shall have been made by him or by the Directors. Payment, fulfillment or discharge of such debts, liabilities or engagements shall be made within seven days after such notice.</p>
Application of sale proceeds	54		<p>The net proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards the satisfaction of such debts liabilities or engagements and the residue (if any) paid to the member or any of his executors, administrators or representatives or assigns or any other persons (if any) entitled by transfer to the shares sold.</p>
Execution of Instrument of transfer	55		<p>Upon any sale after forfeiture of the shares or any sale for enforcing a lien, in pursuance of the exercise of the powers hereinbefore given, the Directors may appoint any person or persons to execute the instrument of transfer of the shares:</p>

<i>Validity of sale of such shares</i>	56		Upon any such sale after forfeiture or for enforcing a lien in purported exercise of powers the Board shall cause the purchaser's name to be entered in the Register in respect of the shares sold and shall issue to the purchaser a certificate such as is specified in Article 50 hereof in respect of the shares sold and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the regularity of the proceedings or to the application of the purchase money and after his name has been entered in the Register in respect of such shares, the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person and the remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale shall be in damages only and against the Company exclusively.
VIII. TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES			
<i>Register of Transfers</i>	57		The Company shall keep a book called the 'Register of Transfers' and therein shall be fairly and distinctly entered the particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share in the Company.
<i>Instrument of transfer to be executed by transferor and transferee</i>	58		No transfer shall be registered unless a proper instrument of transfer has been delivered to the Company. Every instrument of transfer (which shall be in the form specified in the Rules) shall be duly stamped, dated and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and the transferee and in the case of a share held by two or more holders or to be transferred to the joint names of two or more transferees by all such joint-holders or by all such joint transferees, as the case may be, several executors or administrators of a deceased member proposing to transfer the shares registered in the name of such deceased member shall all sign the instrument of transfer in respect of the share as if they were the joint-holders of the share. The instrument of transfer shall specify the name, address and occupation, if any, of the transferee.
<i>Death of one or more joint holders</i>	59		In the case of the death of any one or more of the persons named in the Register as the joint-holders of any share, the survivor or survivors shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to or interest in such share, but nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of the deceased joint-holder from any liability on the shares held by him jointly with any other person.

<p><i>Title of share of deceased member</i></p>	<p>60</p>	<p>(1)</p>	<p>On the death of a member, the or survivors where the member joint holder, and his nominees or legal representatives he was a sole holder, shall be persons recognised by the comp having any title to his interest shares.</p>
		<p>(2)</p>	<p>Where there is no nominee, the or administrators of a deceased not being one of several joint-holders be the only persons recognised Company as having any title shares registered in the name deceased member, and the Co shall not be bound to recognise executors or administrators, unless shall have first obtained probate or of administration or other representation, as the case may provided nevertheless, the Direct any case where they in their discretion think fit, may dispense with production of Probate or Letters Administration or such other representation, upon such terms indemnity or otherwise as they may fit and under the next Article, in the name of any person who claim be absolutely entitled to the standing in the name of the deceased member as a member in respect such shares.</p>
<p>Registration of person Entitled to Shares Otherwise Than by Transfer (transmission clause)</p>	<p>61</p>		<p>Subject to the provisions of the preceding Article, any person to the right to any share has transmitted in consequence of the or insolvency of any member otherwise by operation of law may, the consent of the Board (which shall not be under any obligation to and upon his producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under Article and of his title as the Direct think sufficient be registered as member in respect of such shares. clause is hereinafter referred to as 'transmission clause'. A transfer of share or other interest in the Company a deceased member thereof made by legal representative shall, although legal representative is not himself member be as valid as if he had been member at the time of effecting transmission.</p>

<i>Evidence of transmission to be verified</i>	62		<p>Every transmission of a share shall be verified in such a manner as the Directors may require and the Company may refuse to register any such transmission until the same be so verified or unless an indemnity be given to the Company with regard to such registration which the Directors at their discretion shall consider sufficient; provided nevertheless, that there shall not be any obligation on the Company or the Directors to accept any indemnity, the Directors shall have the same right to refuse to register a person entitled by transmission to any shares or his nominee as if he were the transferee named in an ordinary transfer presented for registration.</p>
<i>Rights of such person</i>	63		<p>A person entitled to share by transmission may, until the Directors otherwise determine as provided in Article 129, receive and give discharge for any dividends, bonuses or other moneys payable in respect of the share, but he shall not be entitled to vote at any meetings of the Company and to any of the rights and privileges of a member, unless and until he shall have become a member in respect of the shares.</p>
<i>Procedure on application for transfer</i>	64		<p>An application for the registration of a transfer of shares or other interest of a member in the Company may be made either by the transferor or the transferee. Where such application is made by the transferor and relates to partly paid shares, the transfer shall not be registered unless the Company gives notice of the application to the transferee and the transferee makes no objection to the transfer within two weeks from the delivery of the notice.</p>
<i>Transfer to be left at office with certificate and with evidence of title</i>	65	(1)	<p>It shall not be lawful for the Company to register a transfer of any shares unless the proper instrument of transfer duly stamped, dated and executed by or on behalf of the Transferor and by or on behalf of the Transferee and specifying the name and address and occupation of the Transferee has been delivered to the Company along with the scrip and if no such scrip is in existence, along with the letter of allotment of the shares. Where the proper instrument of transfer is not received by the Company within a period of two months from the date on which the instrument is dated, the Directors may at their sole discretion be entitled to seek such documentation including indemnities as it may deem fit, from both the transferor and transferee, or</p>

			from the person who has lodged the instrument for transfer, and the Board may in its sole discretion be entitled to give effect to the transfer on receipt of appropriate documentation and indemnities where an order of a competent court is produced, the Board shall then give effect to the transfer).
		(2)	If the Company refuses to register the transfer of any shares, the Company shall within one month from the date on which the instrument of transfer is lodged with the Company send to the Transferee and the Transferor a copy of the refusal as provided in Article 66.
		(3)	Nothing in clause (1) shall prejudice the power of the Company to register as a shareholder any person to whom the title to any share has been transmitted in accordance with the operation of law.
Directors may decline to register transfers	66		The Board may subject to the right of appeal conferred by section 58 of the Act decline to register- The transfer of a share, not being a paid share, to a person of whom the Board does not approve; or any transfer of shares on which the company has a lien.
Transferor to remain holder of shares till transfer registered	67		The Transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the shares until the name of the transferee shall be entered in the Register of Members.
Registered transfer to remain with Company	68		Every instrument of transfer which is to be registered shall remain in the custody of the Company. If the transfer relates to the only share or all the shares comprised in the certificate, the original certificate or a new certificate in lieu thereof shall, after the registration of the transfer, be delivered to the transferee and if the transfer relates only to a part of the shares comprised in the certificate the same shall, on registration of the transfer be retained by the Directors and the original certificate shall be cancelled and new certificates shall be issued to the transferor and the transferee in respect of the shares respectively, held by them.
Transfer books and Register may be closed for not more than 45 days in the year	69		The Directors shall have power on giving seven days' notice by advertisement in a newspaper required by Section 91 of the Act to close the Transfer Book and Register for such period or periods of time in every year as to them may seem expedient, but not exceeding 45 days in any year and not exceeding 30 days at any one time.

<i>The Company not liable for disregard of any notice prohibiting registration of a transfer</i>	70		The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatever in consequence of its registering or giving effect to any transfer of shares made or purporting to be made, by an apparent legal owner thereof (as shown or appearing in the Register of Members), to the prejudice of any person or persons having or claiming any equitable right, title or interest to or in the same shares, notwithstanding that the Company may have had notice of such equitable right title or interest or prohibiting registration of such transfer and may have entered such notice or referred thereto in any book of the Company; and the Company shall not be bound or required to regard or attend or give effect to any notice which may be given to it of any equitable right, title or interest or be under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting so to do, though it may have been entered or referred to in some books of the Company; but the Company shall nevertheless be at liberty to regard and attend to any such notice and give effect thereto, if the Directors shall so think fit.
<i>Transfer of debentures</i>	71		The provision of these Articles shall mutatis mutandis apply to the transfer or transmission by operation of law of debentures of the Company.
IX. ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL			
<i>Company may alter its Capital in certain ways</i>	72		The Company may by Ordinary Resolution so alter the conditions of its Memorandum of Association as :-
		(1)	to increase its share capital by such amount as it thinks expedient by issuing new shares;
		(2)	to consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares;
		(3)	to convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denominations;
		(4)	to sub-divide its shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by its Memorandum of Association, so however that in the sub-division the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from which the reduced share is derived.

		(5)	to cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution in question, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.
Increase of Capital by The Directors and how carried into effect	73		The Directors may from time to time without any sanction of the Company whenever all the shares in the issued capital shall not have been subscribed and whether all the shares for the time being subscribed shall have been fully called up or not, issue further shares of such value as they may think fit out of the unsubscribed balance of the issued capital. Such further shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions (and if preference shares upon such conditions as to redemption) as with such rights and privileges annexed thereto as the Board shall direct and in particular, such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividend and in the distribution of assets of the Company and subject to the provisions of Section 47 of the Companies Act with a special or without any restriction of voting and the Board may dispose of such shares or any of them either at par or at a premium, to any members or any class thereof or in such other manner as the Board may think most beneficial to the Company.
Further Issue of capital	74	(1)	Where it is proposed to increase the subscribed capital of the Company by the issue of new shares:
		(a)	such new shares shall be offered to the persons who, at the date of the offer are holders of the equity shares of the Company, in proportion, as nearly as the circumstances admit to the capital paid up on these shares at that date;
		(b)	the offer aforesaid shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to be offered and limiting a time not being less than fifteen days and not exceeding thirty days from the date of the offer within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to have been declined;
		(c)	The offer aforesaid shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares so offered to him or any of them in favour of any other person; and the notice shall contain a statement of this right;

		(d)	after the expiry of the time specified in the notice aforesaid or on receipt of earlier intimation from the person to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board of Directors may dispose of them in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company.
		(e)	To employees under a scheme of employees' stock option, subject to Special Resolution passed by the company and subject to such conditions as may be specified in the relevant Rules.
		(f)	To any persons, by way of passing a Special Resolution to that effect, whether or not those persons include the persons referred to in clause (a) or clause (b), either for cash or for a consideration other than cash, if the price of such shares is determined by the valuation report of a registered valuer subject to such conditions as may be specified in the relevant Rules.
		(2)	Whenever any shares are to be offered to the members, the Directors may dispose of any such shares which, by reason of the proportion borne by them to the number of persons entitled to such offer or by reason of any other difficulty in apportioning the same cannot in the opinion of the Directors be conveniently offered to the members.
		(3)	The right to issue further shares provided in this clause, shall include a right to the Company, to issue any instrument, including Global Depository Receipt.
New Capital to be considered as a part of original capital	75		Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, any capital raised by creation of new shares shall be considered as part of the capital and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained with reference to the payment of calls and installments, transfer, transmission, forfeiture, lien, surrender; voting and otherwise in all respects as if it had been the original capital.
Notice of increase of capital	76		The Directors shall, whenever there is a change in the share capital, file with the Registrar of Companies notice of the increase of the capital as provided by Section 64 of the said Act within thirty days after the passing of the resolution authorising the increase.

Transfer of Stock	77	(1)	When any shares shall have been converted into stock, the several holders of such stock may thenceforth transfer their respective interests therein or any part of such interest, in the same manner and subject to the same regulations as and subject to which shares in the Company's capital may be transferred, as near thereto as circumstances may admit. But the Board may from time to time, if they think fit, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable and may or forbid the transfer of fractions of such minimum, but with full power nevertheless, at the discretion to make such rules in any particular case.
		(2)	Notice of such conversion of shares into stock or reconversion of stock into shares shall be filed with the Registrar of Companies as provided in the said Act.
Rights of stock-holders	78		The stock shall confer on the holders thereof respectively the same privileges and advantages, as regards participation in profits and voting at meetings of the Company and for other purposes, as would have been conferred by shares of equal amount in the capital of the Company of the same class as the shares from which such stock was converted but no such privileges or advantages, except the participation in profits of the Company or in the assets of the Company on a winding up, shall be conferred by any such aliquot part of consolidated stock as would not have been conferred by shares existing in shares, have conferred such privileges or advantages. No such conversion shall affect or prejudice any preference or other special rights of any share and authenticated by such evidence (if any) as the provisions hereof contained shall, so far as circumstances will admit, apply to stock as well as to shares and the words "share" and "shareholder" in these presents shall include "stock" and "stock-holder".
X. REDUCTION OF CAPITAL			
Reduction of capital	79		Subject to the provision of section 100 and section 105 of the Companies Act 1956, or Section 66 of the Companies Act, 2013 when notified Company may from time to time by special resolution reduce the share capital in any manner and in particular, may -
		(i)	Extinguish or reduce the liability on any of its shares in respect of the share capital not paid-up ;
		(ii)	Either with or without extinguishing or reducing liability on any of its shares,

				(a) Cancel any paid-up share capital which is lost or is unrepresented by available assets; or
				(b) Pay off any paid-up share capital in excess of the wants of the Company after its memorandum by reducing the amount of its share capital and of its shares accordingly: Provided that no such reduction shall be made if the company is in arrears in the repayment of any deposits accepted by it, either before or after the commencement of this Act, or the interest payable thereon.
Provisions relating to the redemption of preference shares	80	(1)		Subject to the provisions of Section 55 of the said Act, whenever any preference shares are issued which are or at the option of the Company are to be liable to be redeemed, the following provisions shall take effect:
			(i)	No such shares shall be redeemed except out of the profits of the Company which would otherwise be available for dividend or out of the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares made for the purposes of the redemption.
			(ii)	No such shares shall be redeemed unless they are fully paid.
			(iii)	The premium, if any payable on redemption must be provided for out of the profits of the Company or out of the Company's Securities Premium Account before the shares are redeemed.
			(iv)	Where any such shares are redeemed otherwise than out of the proceeds of a fresh issue there shall, out of profits which would otherwise have been available for dividend be transferred to the Capital Redemption Reserve Account, a sum equal to the nominal amount of the share redeemed.
		(2)		Subject to the provisions of Section 55 of the Act and these Articles the redemption of preference shares hereunder may be effected in accordance with the terms and conditions of their issue and in the absence of any such terms and conditions in such manner as the Directors may think fit.
		(3)		The redemption of preference shares under this provision by the Company shall not be taken as reducing the amount of its authorised share capital (it will be effective when sub section 3 of section 55 of the act is notified).
		(4)		The Capital Redemption Reserve Account may, notwithstanding anything in this Article, be applied by the Company, in paying up unissued shares of the Company to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares.

XI. MODIFICATION OF RIGHTS

<i>Power to modify rights</i>	81		<p>Whenever the share capital by reason of issue of Preference Shares or otherwise is divided into different classes of shares all or any of the rights and privileges attached to each class may, subject to the provisions of Section 106 of the Companies Act 1956 or provision of section 48 of the Act, when its notified be varied, commuted, affected, abrogated or dealt with by agreement between the Company and any person purporting to contract on behalf of the class provided such agreement is ratified in writing by holders of at least three-fourths of nominal value of the issued shares of the class or is sanctioned by Special Resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of that class and supported by the votes of the holders of not less than three-fourths of the shares of that class.</p>
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XII. JOINT HOLDERS

<i>Joint Holders</i>	82	(1)	<p>Where two or more persons are registered as the holders of any Securities they shall be deemed (so far as the Company is concerned) to hold the same as joint tenants with benefits of survivorship subject to the following and other provisions contained in these Articles.</p>
<i>No transfer to more than three persons</i>		(2)	<p>The Company shall be entitled to decline to register more than three persons as the joint holders of any Securities.</p>
<i>Liabilities of holders</i>		(3)	<p>The joint holders of any Security shall be liable severally as well as jointly for and in respect of all calls or installments and other payments which ought to be made in respect of such Securities.</p>
<i>Death of Joint holders</i>		(4)	<p>On the death of any one or more of such joint holders the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognised by the Company as having any title to the share but the Board may require such evidence of death as they may deem fit and nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability on shares held by him jointly with any other person.</p>
<i>Receipt of one sufficient</i>		(5)	<p>Any one of such joint holders may give effectual receipts for any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of such Security.</p>

<i>Delivery of Certificate and giving of notices to first named holder</i>		(6)		Only the person whose name stands first in the Register of Members (or the relevant register maintained for that Security) as one of the joint holders of any shares shall be entitled to delivery of the certificate relating to such or to receive notices (which expression shall be deemed to include all Documents) from the Company and any notice given to such person shall be deemed notice to all the joint holders.
<i>Votes of Joint holder</i>		(7)		Any one of two or more joint holders may vote at any meeting (including voting by postal ballot and by electronic voting) either personally or by an agent duly authorised under a power of attorney or by proxy in respect of such shares as if he were solely entitled thereto and if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting personally or by proxy or by attorney that one of such persons so present whose name stands first or higher (as the case may be) on the Register in respect of such Security shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof. Provided always that a person present at any meeting personally shall be entitled to vote in preference to a person, present by an agent, duly authorised under a power of attorney or by proxy although the name of such persons present by an agent or proxy stands first in the Register in respect of such shares. Several executors of a deceased member in whose (deceased member's) sole name any Security stands shall for the purpose of this sub- clause be deemed joint holders.
XIII. GENERAL MEETING				
<i>Annual General Meeting</i>	83			The Company shall, in addition to any other meetings which are hereinafter referred to as "Extraordinary General Meeting", hold a General Meeting which shall be styled its Annual General Meeting at the intervals and in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
<i>Directors may call Extraordinary General Meetings</i>	84			The Directors may call Extraordinary General Meetings of the Company whenever they think fit and such meetings shall be held at such place and time as the Directors think fit.

Power of Tribunal to call General Meeting	85	(1)	<p>If the default is made in holding Annual General Meeting in accordance with Section 96 of the Act, the company law board or Tribunal when its constituted may, notwithstanding anything in the Act (or in the Articles of the Company) or application of any member of the Company, call or direct the calling of a General Meeting of the Company, and give such ancillary or consequential directions as the company law board or tribunal when its constituted think expedient in relation to the calling, holding and conducting of the meeting.</p> <p>Explanation: - The directions that may be given, may include a direction that a member of the Company so present in person or by proxy shall be deemed to constitute a meeting.</p>
		(2)	<p>A General Meeting held in pursuance of sub-clause (i) shall subject to any directions of the company law board or tribunal when its constituted be deemed to be an Annual General Meeting of the Company.</p>
Calling of Extraordinary General Meeting on requisition	86	(1)	<p>The Board of Directors of the Company shall on the requisition of such number of members of the Company as is specified in sub-section 4 of Section 100 of the Act forthwith proceed duly to call an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company.</p>
		(2)	<p>The requisition shall set-out the matters for the consideration of which the meeting is to be called shall be signed by the requisitionists and shall be sent to the Registered Office of the Company.</p>
		(3)	<p>The number of members entitled to requisition a meeting in regard to any matter shall be such number of them as hold both on the date of such requisition and on the date of receipt of the requisition not less than one-tenth of such of the paid-up capital of the Company as at that date carries the right of voting in regard to that matter.</p>
		(4)	<p>Where two or more distinct matters are specified in the requisition, the provisions of sub-clause (3) shall apply separately in regard to each such matters and the requisition shall accordingly be valid only in respect of those matters in respect of which the conditions specified in the sub-clause is fulfilled.</p>

		(5)	<p>If the Board does not, within twenty one days from the date of the receipt of a valid requisition in regard to any matters, proceed duly to call a meeting for the consideration of those matters on a day not later than forty five days from the date of receipt of the requisition, the meeting may be called and held by the requisitionists themselves within a period of three months from the date of the requisition.</p>
			<p>Explanation:- For the purposes of this sub-clause, the Board shall in the case of a meeting at which a resolution is to be proposed as a Special Resolution, be deemed not to have duly convened the meeting if they do not give such notice thereof as is required by sub-section (2) of Section 114.</p>
		(6)	<p>A meeting called under sub-clause (5) by the requisitionists or any of them -</p>
		(a)	<p>shall be called in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings are to be called by the Board; but</p>
		(b)	<p>shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of the deposit of the requisition.</p>
		(c)	<p>shall convene meeting at Registered office or in the same city or town where Registered Office is situated and such meeting should be convened on working day.</p>
		(7)	<p>Where two or more persons hold any shares or interest in a Company jointly, a requisition or a notice calling a meeting signed by one or only some of them shall for the purposes of this Section have the same force and effect as if it has been signed by all of them.</p>
		(8)	<p>Any reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionists by reasons of the failure of the Board duly to call a meeting shall be repaid to the requisitionists by the Company; and any sum so repaid shall be retained by the Company out of any sums due or to become due from the Company by way of fees or other remuneration for their services to such of the Directors as were in default.</p>
Length of Notice for calling meeting	87	(1)	<p>A General Meeting of the Company may be called by giving at least clear twenty one day's notice in writing or through electronic mode but a General Meeting may be called after giving shorter notice if consent is given in writing or by electronic mode by not less than ninety five percent of the members entitled to vote at such meeting.</p>

Contents of Notice	(2)	Notice of every general meeting of the Company shall specify the place, day and the hour of the meeting and shall contain a statement of the business to be transacted thereat.
To whom notice to be given	(3)	Such notice shall be given -
	(i)	to every member of the Company, the representative of any deceased Member or the assignee of an insolvent Member;
	(ii)	to the auditor or auditors of the Company; and
	(iii)	to every Director of the Company.
	(iv)	to every trustee for the debenture holders of any debentures issued by the Company.
Omission to give notice or non-receipt of notice shall not invalidate proceedings	(4)	The accidental omission to give notice or the non-receipt of notice by a member or other person to whom notice should be given shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting.
Proxy	(5)	In every notice calling a meeting of the Company there shall appear with reasonable prominence a statement that a member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy or where there is allowed one or more proxies, to attend and vote instead of himself and that a proxy need not be a member.
Explanatory statements	(6)	Where any items of business to be transacted at the meeting are deemed to be special as provided in Article 88 there shall be annexed to the notice of the meeting a statement setting out all material facts concerning each such item of business namely:
	(a)	The nature of concern or interest financial or otherwise, if any of the following persons, in respect of each item of:
	(i)	every Director and the Manager, if any;
	(ii)	every other Key Managerial Personnel and
	(iii)	relatives of the persons mentioned in sub-clause (i) and (ii);
	(b)	Any other information and facts that may enable members to understand the meaning, scope and implementation of the items of business and to take decisions thereon.
Inspection of documents referred in the explanatory statement	(7)	Where any item of business consists of the according of approval to any document by the meeting the time and place where the document can be inspected shall be specified in the statement aforesaid.

<i>Business to be transacted at meetings</i>	88			In the case of an Annual General Meeting all business to be transacted at the meeting shall be deemed special with the exception of business relating to (i) the consideration of the Financial Statements, (including the consolidated financial statements, if applicable), and the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors, (ii) the declaration of a dividend, (iii) the appointment of Directors in the place of those retiring and (iv) the appointment of and the fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors. In the case of any other meeting all business shall be deemed special.
<i>Circulation of members resolutions</i>	89			Upon a requisition of members complying with Section 111 of the said Act, the Directors shall comply with the obligations of the Company under the said Act relating to circulation of members' resolutions and statements.
<i>Certificate conclusive as to Meeting having been duly called</i>	90			A certificate in writing, signed by the Secretary or by a Director or some officer or agent appointed by the Board for the purpose, to the effect that according to the best of its belief the notices convening the meeting have been duly given shall be prima facie evidence thereof.
<i>Security arrangement at venue of meetings.</i>	91			The Board, and the persons authorised by it, shall have the right to take and/or make suitable arrangements for ensuring the safety of any meeting – whether a general meeting or a meeting of any class of Security, or of the persons attending the same, and for the orderly conduct of such meeting, and notwithstanding anything contained in this Articles, any action, taken pursuant to this Article in good faith shall be final and the right to attend and participate in such meeting shall be subject to the decision taken pursuant to this Article.
XIV. PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS AND ADJOURNMENT THEREOF				
<i>Business which may not be transacted at the meeting</i>	92			No General Meeting, Annual or Extraordinary, shall be competent to enter upon, discuss or transact any business a statement of which has not been specified in the notice convening the meeting except as provided in the said Act.
<i>Presence of Quorum</i>	93			No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, unless the requisite quorum is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. The quorum for a general meeting shall be the presence in person of such number of members as specified in Section 103 of the Act. Subject to Article 82(7) when more than one of the joint-holders of a share is present only one of

			<p>them shall be counted for ascertaining quorum. Several ^{executors} administrators of a deceased person whose sole name shares stand that the purpose of this clause be the joint holders thereof.</p>
If quorum not present, when meeting to be dissolved and when to be adjourned	94		<p>If, within half an hour from the time appointed for holding the meeting, quorum of members is not present, the meeting if convened by or upon the requisition of members as aforesaid shall be dissolved, but in any other case shall stand adjourned pursuant to the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 103 of the Act.</p>
Adjourned meeting to transact business even if no quorum present	95		<p>If at such adjourned meeting a quorum of members is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present, whether their number, shall be a quorum and they shall transact the business and decide upon all matters which could properly have been disposed of at the meeting from which the adjournment took place, if a quorum had been present thereat.</p>
General Meeting	96		<p>The Chairman of the Board (whether Member or not) shall if present and willing, be entitled to take the chair at every General Meeting, whether Annual or Extraordinary, but if there be no Chairman or in case of his being present or being unwilling or failing to take the chair within fifteen minutes of the time appointed for holding such meeting, the members present shall choose another Director (whether Member or not) as Chairman and if all the Directors present decline to take the chair or if there be no Director present, then the members present shall choose one of their members to be Chairman of the meeting. If a poll is demanded it shall be taken forthwith in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2) of section 104. The Chairman elected on a show of hands shall exercise all the powers of the Chairman for the purpose of such poll. If some other person is elected Chairman as a result of such poll, he shall be the Chairman for the rest of the meeting.</p> <p>The Chairman be permitted to hold the position of both the Chairman of the Board and / or General Meeting as well as Managing Director / CEO / equivalent position thereof in the Company as per the recommendations of the appropriate committee of the Directors and approved by the Board of Directors and permitted by applicable laws from time to time.</p>

<i>When chair vacant business confined to election of Chairman</i>	97			No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the election of Chairman, whilst the chair is vacant.
<i>Chairman with consent of members may adjourn meeting</i>	98			The Chairman may, with the consent of a majority of the members personally present at any meeting, adjourn such meeting from time to time and from place to place in the city, town or village where the Registered Office of the Company be situate but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. A resolution passed at an adjourned meeting of the Company shall be treated as having been passed on the date on which it was in fact passed and shall not be deemed to have been passed on any earlier date.
<i>Notice of adjournment</i>	99			Whenever any meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more notice of such adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting.
<i>Chairman's declaration of result of voting by show of hands</i>	100	(1)		At any General Meeting, a resolution put to vote of the meeting shall, unless a poll is demanded under Section 109, or if the voting is carried out electronically be decided on a show of hands. Such voting in a general meeting or by postal ballot shall also include electronic voting in a General Meeting or Postal Ballot as permitted by applicable laws from time to time.
<i>Chairman's declaration of result of voting by show of hands conclusive.</i>		(2)		A declaration by the Chairman in pursuance of clause (1) hereof that on a show of hands a resolution has or has not been carried or has or has not been carried either unanimously or by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Company, shall be conclusive evidence of the fact, without proof of the number of proportion of the votes cast in favour of or against such resolution.
<i>Casting vote Of the Chairman</i>	101			In case of an equality of votes the Chairman of any meeting shall both on the show of hands and at a poll (if any) held pursuant to a demand made at such meeting, have a second or casting vote.
<i>Minutes of Proceedings of General Meetings of Board and other meeting</i>	102	(1)	(a)	The Company shall cause minutes of all proceedings of General Meetings of any class of shareholders or creditors, and every resolution passed by postal ballot and of all proceedings at meetings of its Board of Directors or of committees of the Board, to be entered in books kept for the purpose.

		(b)	The minutes of each meeting shall contain a fair and correct summary of the proceedings thereat.
		(c)	All appointments of officers made at a time of the meetings aforesaid shall be included in the minutes of the meeting.
		(d)	In case of a meeting of the Board of Directors or of a Committee of the Board, the minutes shall also contain : (i) the names of the Directors present at the meeting; and the names of the Directors who are present through video or other audio-visual means. (ii) in the case of each resolution passed at the meeting, the name of the Directors, if any, dissenting from or concurring on the resolution.
		(e)	There shall not be included in the minutes, any matter which, in the opinion of the Chairman of the meeting : (i) is or could reasonably be regarded as defamatory of any person; (ii) is irrelevant to the interests of the Company, or (iii) is detrimental to the interests of the Company.
			Explanation: The Chairman shall exercise an absolute discretion in regard to the inclusion or non-inclusion of any matter in the minutes on the grounds specified in this Article.
<i>Minutes to be evidence</i>		(2)	Any such minute, if purporting to be signed by the Chairman of the meeting at which the proceedings took place and by the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting, shall be evidence of the proceedings.
<i>Presumption to be drawn where minutes duly drawn and signed</i>		(3)	Where the minutes have been kept in accordance with clause (1) hereof, until the contrary is proved, the meeting shall be deemed to have been duly called and held and all proceedings thereat shall have duly taken place and the resolutions passed by circulation, postal ballot or other permitted means shall be construed as having been duly passed, and in particular all appointments of Directors, Managerial Personnel, Auditors and Company Secretary in practice, made at the meeting shall be deemed to be valid including the matters that are required to be transacted at a meeting of the Board as specified in Section 179 of the said Act.

<i>Inspection of Minute Books of General Meeting</i>	103	(1)		The books containing the minutes of the proceedings of General Meetings of the Company shall -
			(a)	be kept at the registered office of the Company; and
			(b)	be open during business hours to the inspection of any member without charge subject to such reasonable restrictions as the Company may impose so however that not less than two hours in each day are allowed for inspection.
		(2)		Any member shall be entitled to be furnished within seven working days after he has made request in that behalf to the Company with a copy of any Minutes referred to in sub-clause (1) on payment of Rs.10/- for every page or part thereof required to be photocopied and that the Company shall comply with provisions of Section 119 of the Act.
<i>Other Registers</i>	104			The provisions contained in Article 103 shall mutatis mutandis apply to other registers maintained under the provisions of the said Act that can be inspected by an eligible person.
<i>Publication of reports of proceedings of General Meeting</i>	105			No document purporting to be a report of the proceedings of any General Meeting of the Company shall be circulated or advertised at the expense of the Company unless it includes the matters required by Section 118 of the Act to be contained in the Minutes of the proceedings of such meeting.
XV. VOTING RIGHTS AND PROXY				
<i>Indebted members not to vote</i>	106			No member shall be entitled to exercise any voting right on any question either personally or by proxy or upon poll (including voting by electronic means) in respect of any shares registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid or in regard to which the Company has or has exercised any right of lien.
<i>Restrictions on exercise of voting rights in other cases to be void</i>	107			A member is not prohibited from exercising his voting right on the ground that he has held his share or other interest in the Company for any specified period preceding the date on which the vote is taken, or on any other ground not being a ground set out in Article 106.
<i>Vote of person of unsound mind</i>	108			A member of unsound mind or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or at a poll by his committee or other legal guardian and not otherwise, and any such committee or guardian may, on a poll, vote by proxy.

<p>Votes in respect of Securities under dispute</p>	<p>109</p>		<p>Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, where the title to any Securities is under dispute before a court, where no injunction subsists in any direction made) as to the exercise of voting rights or other rights of a member, including the rights attached to such Securities, the Board shall be entitled to suspend any such right aforesaid.</p>
<p>Representation of corporations</p>	<p>of 110</p>		<p>A Member being a Body Corporate (whether a company within the meaning of the said Act or not) may by resolution of its Board of Directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company, or at any meeting of any class of members of the Company. A person authorised by resolution as aforesaid shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers (including the right to vote by proxy) on behalf of the Body Corporate which he represents as that body could exercise if it were a member, creditor or holder of debentures of the Company.</p>
<p>Number of votes to which member is entitled</p>	<p>111</p>	<p>(1)</p>	<p>Subject and without prejudice to any special privileges or restrictions and conditions for the time being attached to or affecting the preference or other special classes of shares, if any, issued by and for the time being forming part of the capital of the Company every member, entitled to vote under the provisions of these presents and not disqualified by the provisions of Article 106, 108 and 109 or by any other Article shall on a show of hands have one vote and upon a poll every member, present in person or proxy or agent duly authorised by a power-of-attorney or representative duly authorised and not disqualified as aforesaid, shall have voting rights in proportion to his share of the paid-up equity capital of the Company subject however to any limits imposed by law. But no member shall have voting right in respect of any moneys paid in advance as provided by Article 40(2).</p>
<p>No voting by proxy on show of hands</p>		<p>(2)</p>	<p>No member not personally present shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands unless such member is a Body Corporate present by proxy or by a representative duly authorised under Section 113 of the Act in which case such proxy or representative may vote on a show of hands as if he were a member of the Company.</p>

		(3)		A Member may exercise his vote, in respect of items of business to be transacted for which notice is issued, by electronic means in accordance with Section 108, and shall vote only once.
<i>Right to use votes differently</i>	112			On a poll taken at a meeting of the Company a member entitled to more than one vote, or his proxy or other person entitled to vote for him, as the case may be, need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast in the same way all the votes he uses. A member or his proxy who votes shall be deemed to have used all his votes unless he expressly gives written notice to the contrary at the time he casts any votes.
<i>Instrument of proxy to be in writing</i>	113			Any member entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company shall be entitled to appoint another person (whether a member or not) as his proxy to attend and vote instead of himself but a proxy so appointed shall not have any right to speak at the meeting and shall not be entitled to vote except on a poll. A person shall (a) not act as proxy for more than 50 Members and holding in aggregate not more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company; (b) not act as proxy for more than one Member, if that Member holds more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company.
<i>Proxy may demand poll</i>	114			The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing and shall be signed by the appointer or his attorney duly authorised in writing. If the appointer is a Body Corporate such instrument shall be under its seal or be signed by an officer or an attorney duly authorised by it, or by the persons authorised to act as the representative of such company under Article 110. Any instrument appointing a proxy to vote at a meeting shall be deemed to include the power to demand or join in the demand for a poll on behalf of the appointer, where a poll has not been ordered to be carried out electronically.
<i>Instrument of proxy to be deposited at the Registered Office</i>	115			No instrument of proxy shall be treated as valid and no person shall be allowed to vote or act as proxy at any meeting under an instrument of proxy, unless such instrument of proxy and power-of- attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall have been deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at least forty-eight hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned

			meeting at which the persons named in such instrument proposes to vote. An instrument appointing a proxy or an attorney permanently or for a certain period once registered with the Company need not be again registered before each successive meeting and shall be in force until the same shall be revoked. Notwithstanding that a power-of-attorney or other authority has been registered in the records of the Company, the Company may by notice in writing addressed to the member or to attorney at least seven days before the date of meeting require him to produce the original power-of-attorney or authority unless the same is thereupon deposited with the Company the attorney shall not be entitled to vote at such meeting unless the Directors in their absolute discretion excuse such non-production and deposit.
Custody of the instrument of appointment	116		If any such instrument of appointment is confined to the objects of appointing an attorney or proxy or substitute, it shall remain, permanent or for such time as the Directors may determine in the custody of the Company and if embracing other objects, a copy thereof, examined with the original shall be delivered to the Company to remain in the custody of Company.
Form of Proxy	117		The instrument appointing a proxy whether for a specified meeting or otherwise shall be in Form MGT-11.
Vote of proxy how far valid	118		A vote given in pursuance of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death of the principal or the revocation of the proxy or any power-of-attorney under which such proxy was signed or the transfer of the shares in respect of which the vote is given provided no intimation in writing of the death, revocation or transfer shall have been received at the Registered Office of the Company before the vote is given.
Time for objection to vote	119		No objection shall be made to the validity of any vote except at the meeting or adjourned meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered and every vote whether given personally or by proxy and not disallowed at such meeting or poll, shall be deemed valid for all purposes of such meeting or poll whatsoever.

<i>Chairman sole judge of the validity of a vote</i>	120			The Chairman of any meeting shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such meeting and the Chairman present at the taking of a poll shall be the sole judge of the validity of every vote tendered at such poll. The Chairman shall be assisted by a scrutinizer, appointed by the Board for this purpose.
XVI. CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS				
<i>The Company in General Meeting may declare a dividend</i>	121			The Company in General Meeting may declare a dividend to be paid to the members according to their respective rights and interests in the profits, and may fix the time for the payment thereof.
<i>Equal rights of Shareholders</i>	122			Any share holder whose name is entered in the Register of Members of the Company shall enjoy the rights and be subject to the same liabilities as all other shareholders of the same class.
<i>Power of Directors to limit dividend</i>	123			No larger dividend shall be declared than is recommended by the Directors, but the Company in General Meeting may declare a smaller dividend.
<i>Dividends in proportion to the amount paid up.</i>	124			Unless the Company otherwise resolves, dividends shall be paid in proportion to the amount paid up or credited as paid up on each share, where a larger amount is paid up or credited as paid up on some share than on others. Provided always that any capital paid up on a share during the period in respect of which a dividend is declared shall unless otherwise resolved be only entitled the holder of such share to a proportionate amount of such dividend from the date of payment.
<i>Capital advanced on Interest not to earn dividends</i>	125			Capital paid-up in advance of calls shall not confer a right to dividend or to participate in profits.
<i>Dividends out of profits only and not to carry interest what to be deemed profits</i>	126			No dividends shall be payable except out of profits of the Company of the year or any other undistributed profits and no dividend shall carry interest against the Company. The declaration of the Directors as to the amount of the net profits of the Company shall be conclusive.
<i>Ad-interim dividend</i>	127			The Directors may, from time to time, declare and pay to the members such interim dividend as in their judgment the position of the Company justifies.

<i>No member to receive dividend while indebted to the Company</i>	128		No member shall be entitled to receive payment of any dividend in respect of any share or shares on which the Company has a lien, or whilst any amount due or owing from time to time to the Company, either alone or jointly with any other person or persons, in respect of such share or shares, or on any other account whatsoever, remains unpaid, and the Directors may retain, apply and apply such dividend in or towards satisfaction of all debts, liabilities, or engagements in respect of which the lien exists, and of such money due as aforesaid.
<i>Retention of dividends until completion of transfer under the transmission clause</i>	129		The Directors may retain the dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is under the transmission clause entitled to become a member, which any person under the same clause is entitled to transfer, until such person shall become a member in respect thereof or shall duly transfer the same.
<i>Transfer must be registered to pass right to dividend</i>	130	(1)	A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.
		(2)	No dividend shall be paid by the Company in respect of any share except to the registered holder of such share or to his order or to his bankers or any other person as permitted by applicable law.
<i>Dividend when and how to be paid</i>	131		All dividends shall be paid by the cheque or warrant in respect thereof shall be posted within thirty days of the date on which such dividend is declared by the Company. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent. The Company shall not be liable or responsible for a cheque or warrant lost in transmission or for any dividend lost to the member or person entitled thereto by forgery or endorsements on any cheque or warrant or the fraudulent or improper recovery thereof by any other means.
<i>Notice of dividends</i>	132		Notice of the declaration of any dividend, whether interim or otherwise, shall be given to the members in the manner hereinafter provided for giving of notice to member.
<i>Production of share certificate when applying for dividends</i>	133		The Directors may, if they think fit, call upon the members, when applying for dividends, to produce their share certificates to such person or persons appointed by them in that behalf.
<i>Any one of Joint-holders of share may receive dividends</i>	134		Any one of several persons who are registered as joint-holders of any share may give effectual receipts for dividends and payments on account of dividends in respect of such share.

<i>Dividend payable in cash</i>	135		<p>No dividend shall be payable except in cash.</p> <p>Provided that nothing herein shall be deemed to prohibit the capitalisation of profits or reserves of the Company for the purpose of issuing fully paid-up bonus shares or paying up any amount for the time being unpaid on any shares held by the members of the Company.</p> <p>Provided further that any dividend payable in cash may be paid in cheque or warrant or in any electronic mode to the Member entitled to the payment of the dividend.</p>
<i>Dividend and call together Set off allowed</i>	136		<p>Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may make a Call on the Members of such amount as the meeting fixes and so that the Call be made payable at the same time as the dividend, and the dividend may, if so resolved by the Company in General Meeting be set off against the Calls.</p>
<i>Capitalisation</i>	137	(1)	<p>A General Meeting of the Members, in a meeting in person or proxy or, through Postal Ballot or, by any other means, as may be permitted may on the recommendation of the Board, direct capitalisation of the whole or any part of the undivided profits for the time being of the Company or the whole or any part of the Reserve Fund or other funds of the Company including the moneys in the Securities Premium Account and the Capital Redemption Reserve Account or the premiums received on the issue of any shares, debentures or debenture-stock of the Company and that such sum be accordingly set free for the purpose, (1) by the issue and distribution, among the holders of the shares of the Company or any of them, in accordance with their respective rights and interests and in proportion to the amounts paid or credited as paid up thereon, of paid-up shares, debentures, debenture-stock bonds or other obligations of the Company, or (2) by crediting any shares of the Company which may have been issued and are not fully paid up, in proportion to the amounts paid or credited as paid up thereon respectively, with the whole or any part of the same.</p>
		(2)	<p>For the purposes above set out the Company may, subject to the provisions contained in section 63, apply: (i) its free reserves, (ii) the Securities Premium Account subject to the provisions of Section 52(2) of the said Act; (iii) the Capital Redemption Reserve Fund subject to the provisions of Section 55(4) of the said Act; and (iv) such other reserves or account as may be applied for issue of bonus shares.</p>

<i>Date for determination of Members entitled to bonus, dividend and other actions of the company.</i>	138			The Board shall have the right to fix a date for the purpose of determining the Members who are entitled to the payment of the dividend, or shares pursuant to the capitalisation of reserves, and for any other action of the Company that requires determination of the details of Members.
XVII. ACCOUNTS				
<i>Accounts</i>	139	(1)		The Directors shall keep or cause to be kept at the Registered Office of the Company or at such place in India as the Board thinks fit proper books of accounts in respect of:
			(i)	all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure take place;
			(ii)	all sales and purchase of goods by the Company; and
			(iii)	the assets and liabilities of the Company.
			(iv)	The items of cost, if any - as specified in the relevant Rules.
		(2)		Proper books of account shall also be kept at each branch office of the Company, whether in or outside India, relating to the transactions of that office and proper summarized returns made up to dates at intervals of not more than three months shall be sent by each branch office to the Company at its Registered Office of the Company or the other place referred to in clause (1) hereof.
		(3)		The books of account referred to in clause (1) and (2) shall be such books as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company or such branch office and to explain its transaction.
		(4)		The books of accounts and other Books and Papers shall be open to inspection by any Directors during business hours.
		(5)		The Directors shall comply in all respects with Sections 128, 129, 133, 134, 136, to 138 of the said Act and any statutory modifications thereof.
<i>Financial Statements to be laid before the member</i>	140			Subject to Section 129 of the Act at every Annual General Meeting of the Company the Directors shall lay before the Company a Financial Statements for each financial year.
<i>Contents of Financial Statements</i>	141			The Financial Statements shall give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the period of the account. Financial Statements shall comply with the provisions of Section 129 and 133 of the said Act.

<i>Financial Statements how to be signed</i>	142			The Financial Statements shall be signed in accordance with the provisions of Section 134 of the said Act.
	143			The Directors shall make out and attach to every Balance Sheet laid before the Company in General Meeting a Report of the Board of Directors which shall comply with the requirements of and shall be signed in the manner provided by Section 134 of the said Act.
<i>Right of Members to copies of Financial Statements and Auditors' Report</i>	144	(1)		<p>A copy of every Financial Statements (including consolidated Financial Statements, the Auditors' Report and every other document required by law to be annexed or attached, as the case may be, to the Financial Statement) which is to be laid before the Company in General Meeting shall not less than clear twenty one days before the date of meeting be sent to every member, every trustee for the debenture holder of any debentures issued by the Company, to the Auditors of the Company, and every director of the Company.</p> <p>If the copies of the documents aforesaid are sent less than twenty one days before the date of the meeting they shall, notwithstanding that fact, be deemed to have been duly sent if it is so agreed by ninety five percent of the members entitled to vote at the meeting.</p> <p>The accidental omission to send the documents aforesaid, to or the non-receipt of the documents aforesaid by, any member or other person to whom it should be given shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting.</p>
		(2)		Any member or holder of debentures of the Company whether he is or is not entitled to have copies of the Company's Financial Statements sent to him, shall on demand, be entitled to be furnished without charge, and any person from whom the Company has accepted a sum of money by way of deposit shall on demand accompanied by the payment of a fee of ten rupees, be entitled to be furnished with a copy of the last Financial Statements and every other documents required by law to be annexed or attached thereto.
<i>Copies of Financial Statements etc. be filed</i>	145	(1)		A copy of the Financial Statement, including consolidated Financial Statement, if any, along with all the documents which are required to be or attached to such Financial Statements under this Act, duly adopted at the annual general meeting of the company, shall be filed with the registrar within thirty days of the annual general meeting.

		(2)	<p>If the Annual General Meeting before which a Financial Statement is laid as aforesaid does not adopt the Financial Statements, the un-adopted Financial Statements together with the other documents that are required to be attached to the financial statements shall be filed with the registrar within thirty days of the annual general meeting. Thereafter, the Financial Statements adopted at the adjourned annual general meeting shall be filed with the Registrar within thirty days of such adjourned annual general meeting.</p>
<i>When accounts to be deemed finally settled</i>	146		Every account when audited and approved by a General Meeting shall be conclusive.
XVIII. BOARD OF DIRECTORS, THEIR QUALIFICATION AND REMUNERATION			
<i>Number of Directors</i>	147		The number of Directors shall not be less than three and not more than fifteen Directors. The company shall have the power to increase the number of Directors beyond 15 after passing a Special Resolution.
<i>Debenture Directors</i>	148		If and when the Company shall issue debentures the holders of such debentures, or if and when the Company shall create a mortgage of any property, the mortgagee or mortgagees to whom such property shall be mortgaged, may have the right to appoint and nominate and from time to time remove and re-appoint a Director or Directors, in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed securing the said debentures, or the deed creating such mortgages, as the case may be. A Director so appointed under this Article, is herein referred to as "The Debenture Director" and the term "Debenture Director" means a Director for the time being in office under the Article, and he shall have all the rights and privileges of an ordinary Director of the Company, except in so far as is otherwise provided for herein or by the Trust Deed securing the Debentures or the deed creating the mortgage, as the case may be.
<i>Nominee Director</i>	149		Any deed for securing loans by the Company from financial corporation may be so arranged to provide for the appointment from time to time by the lending financial corporation of some person or persons to be a director or directors of the Company and may empower such lending financial corporation from time to time to remove and re-appoint any Director so appointed. A Director appointed under this Article is herein referred as "Nominee Director" and the term "Nominee Director" means and re-appoint any Director so appointed.

				A Director appointed under this Article is herein referred as "Nominee Director" and the term "Nominee Director" means any director for time being in office under this Article. The deed aforesaid may contain ancillary provisions as may be arranged between the Company and the lending corporation and all such provisions shall have effect notwithstanding any of the other provisions herein contained.
Qualification of a Director	150			No Director of the Company be required to hold any qualification shares.
Register of Directors etc. and of Directors Shareholdings	151			The Directors shall arrange to maintain at the Registered office of the Company a Register of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, containing the particulars and in the form prescribed under section 170 of the act and the rules made there under. It shall be the duty of every Director and other persons regarding whom particulars have to be maintained in such Registers to disclose to the Company any matters relating to himself as may be necessary to comply with the provisions of the said sections.
Fee for Directors	152			A Director may receive remuneration by way of fee not exceeding such amount as may be permissible under the Rules for attending each meetings of the Board or Committee thereof; or of any other purpose whatsoever as may be decided by the Board.
	153			Subject to the provisions of Section 197 of the said Act:
Additional Remuneration for Services		(1)		Any one or more of the Directors shall be paid such additional remuneration as may be fixed by the Directors for services rendered by him or them and any one or more of the Directors shall be paid further remuneration if any as the Company in General Meeting or the Board of Directors shall from time to time determine. Such remuneration and / or additional remuneration may be paid by way of salary or commission on net profits or turnover or by participation in profits or by way of perquisites or in any other manner or by any or all of those modes.
		(2)		If any director, being willing shall be called upon to perform extra services, or to make any special exertion for any of the purposes of the Company, the Company in General Meeting or the Board of Directors shall, subject as aforesaid, remunerate such Director or where there is more than one such Director all or such of them together either by a fixed sum or by a percentage of profits or in any other manner as may be determined by the Directors and such remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution for the remuneration above provided.

Remuneration of Committee	154			The Directors may from time to time fix the remuneration to be paid to any member or members of their body constituting a committee appointed by the Directors in terms of these articles not exceeding such amount as is permissible under the Rules, per meeting attended by him.
Expenses to be reimbursed	155			The Board of Directors may allow and pay to any Director fair compensation for his travelling and other expenses incurred in connection with the business of the Company including attendance at meetings of the Board or Committee thereof.
XIX. APPOINTMENT AND ROTATION OF DIRECTORS				
Appointment of Directors	156			A person shall not be capable of being appointed Director of the Company, if :-
			(i)	he has been found to be unsound mind by court of competent jurisdiction.
			(ii)	he is an undischarged insolvent;
			(iii)	he has applied to be adjudicated as an insolvent and his application is pending;
			(iv)	he has been convicted by a Court in India of any offence involving moral turpitude or otherwise and sentenced in respect thereof to imprisonment for not less than 6 months, and a period of five years has not elapsed from the date of expiry of the sentence;
			(v)	he has not paid any call in respect of shares of the Company held by him, whether alone or jointly with others and six months have elapsed from the last day fixed for the payment for the call; or
			(vi)	an order disqualifying him for appointment as Director has been passed by a Court or company law board or Tribunal when its constituted and the order is in force,
			(vii)	he has been convicted of the offence dealing with related party transactions under Section 188; or.
			(viii)	he has not complied with sub-section (3) of section 152.
Appointment of directors and proportion to retire by rotation	157	(1)		The Company shall appoint such number of Independent Directors as it may deem fit, for a term specified in the resolution appointing him. An Independent Director may be appointed to hold office for a term of up to five consecutive years on the Board of the Company and shall be eligible for re-appointment on passing of Special Resolution and such other compliances as may be required in this regard. No Independent Director shall hold office for more than two consecutive terms. The provisions relating to retirement of directors by rotation shall not be applicable to appointment of Independent Directors.

		(2)		Not less than two-thirds of the total number of Directors of the Company shall:
			(i)	be persons whose period of office is liable to determination by retirement of Directors by rotation; and
			(ii)	save as otherwise expressly provided in the said Act; be appointed by the Company in General Meeting. Explanation:- for the purposes of this Article "total number of Directors" shall not include Independent Directors appointed on the Board of the Company.
		(3)		The remaining Directors of the Company shall also be appointed by the Company in General Meeting except to the extent that the Articles otherwise provide or permit.
Provision regarding Directors retiring by rotation	158	(1)		Subject to the provisions of Section 152 of the Act at every Annual General Meeting, one-third of such of the Directors for the time being as are liable to retire by rotation, or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to one-third, shall retire from office.
		(2)		The Directors to retire by rotation at every Annual General Meeting shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment, but as between persons who become Directors on the same day, those who are to retire shall, in default of and subject to any agreement among themselves, be determined by lot. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.
		(3)	(i)	At the Annual General Meeting at which a Director retires as aforesaid, the Company may fill up the vacancy by appointing the retiring Director or some other person thereto.
			(ii)	If the place of the retiring Director is not so filled up and the meeting has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the meeting shall stand adjourned till the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, or if that day is a National Holiday, till the next succeeding day which is not a holiday, at the same time and place.
			(iii)	If at the adjourned meeting also, the place of the retiring Director is not filled up and that meeting also has not expressly resolved not to fill the vacancy, the retiring Director shall be deemed to have been re-appointed at the adjourned meeting unless :-

			(i) at the meeting or at the previous meeting a resolution for the appointment of such Director has been put to the meeting and lost;
			(ii) the retiring Director has, by a notice in writing addressed to the Company or the Board of Directors, expressed his unwillingness to be so re-appointed;
			(iii) he is not qualified or is disqualified for appointment;
			(iv) a resolution, whether special or ordinary, is required for his appointment or re-appointment by virtue of any provisions of the said Act; or
			(v) Section 162 is applicable to the case.
Removal of Director	159		The Company may by an ordinary resolution remove any Director (not being a Director appointed by the Tribunal in pursuance of Section 397/398 of the Companies Act 1956 or 242 of the Act when its notified) in accordance with the provisions of Section 169 of the Act. A Director so removed shall not be re-appointed as a Director by the Board of Directors.
Notice of candidature when to be given	160		A person who is not a retiring Director shall subject to the provisions of the said Act, be eligible for appointment to the Office of Director at any General Meeting, if he or some member intending to propose him has, not less than fourteen days before the meeting, left at the Registered Office of the Company a notice in writing under his hand signifying his candidature for the office of Directors or as the case may be, the intention of such Member to propose him as a candidate for the office, along with deposit of one lakh rupees or such other amount as may be specified in the relevant Rules. The amount so deposited shall be refunded to such person or, as the case may be, to the Member, if the person proposed gets elected as a Director or gets more than 25% of total valid votes.
Consent of candidate for Directorship to be filed with the Registrar	161		A person appointed as a Director shall not act as a Director unless he gives his consent to hold the office as director and such consent has been filed with the Registrar within thirty days of his appointment in such manner as prescribed in the relevant Rules.

Appointment of Directors to be voted on individually	162	(1)	At a General Meeting of the Company a motion shall not be made for the appointment of two or more persons as Directors of the Company by a single resolution, unless a resolution that is shall be so made has first been agreed to by the meeting without any vote being given against it.
		(2)	A resolution moved in contravention of clause (1) shall be void, whether or not objection was taken at the time to its being so moved;
		(3)	For the purpose of this Article a motion for approving a person's appointment or for nominating a person for appointing shall be treated as a motion for his appointment.
Directors may appoint additional Directors	163		The Directors shall have power at any time and from time to time, to appoint any person other than a person who fails to get appointed as a director in a general meeting, as an additional director at any time. Each such Additional Director shall hold office only up to the date of the next following Annual General Meeting, or the last date on which the annual general meeting should have been held, whichever is earlier, but shall be eligible for appointment by the Company at that meeting as a Director.
Filling up of casual vacancies	164	(1)	If the office of any Director appointed by the Company in General Meeting is vacated before his term of office expires in the normal course, the resulting casual vacancy may be filled by the Board of Directors at a meeting of the Board.
		(2)	Any person so appointed shall hold office only up to the date up to which the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held office if it has not been vacated as aforesaid.
Appointment of Alternate Director	165	(1)	The Board of Directors may appoint a person, not being a person holding any alternate directorship for any other Director in the Company, to act as an Alternate Director to act for a Director (hereinafter called "the Original Director") during his absence for a period of not less than three months from India.
		(2)	No person shall be appointed as an alternate director for an Independent Director unless he is qualified to be appointed as an Independent Director.
		(3)	An Alternate Director shall be entitled to notice of meetings of the Directors, and to attend and vote thereat accordingly.

		(4)	An Alternate Director shall vacate office and when the Original Director returns to India.
		(5)	If the term of office of the Original Director is determined before he so returns to India as aforesaid any provision for the automatic re-appointment of retiring Directors in default of re-appointment shall apply to the Original Director and not to the Alternate Director.
		(6)	An Alternate Director may be removed by the Board of Directors which may appoint another Alternate Director in his place.
Directors may act notwithstanding vacancy	166		The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the body, but, if and so long as their number is reduced below three, the continuing Directors may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to the said number, or of summoning a General Meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose.
XX. RESIGNATION OF OFFICE BY DIRECTORS			
Resignation of Directors	167		Subject to the provisions of Section 168 of the Act a Director may at any time resign from his office upon giving notice in writing to the Company of his intention so to do, and thereupon his office shall be vacated.
XXI. PROCEEDINGS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS			
Meeting of Directors	168		A minimum number of four meetings of the Directors shall have been held in every year in such a manner that not more than one hundred and twenty days shall intervene between two consecutive meetings of the Board. The Directors may meet together for the conduct of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meeting and proceedings, as they think fit, and may determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business.
Meeting through video conferencing	169		The Board of Directors shall be entitled to hold its meeting through video conferencing or other permitted means, and in conducting the Board meetings through such video conferencing or other permitted means the procedures and the precautions as laid down in the relevant Rules shall be adhered to. With regard to every meeting conducted through video conferencing or other permitted means, the scheduled venue of the meetings shall be deemed to be in India, for the purpose of specifying the place of the said meeting and for all recordings of the proceedings at the meeting.

<i>Notice of Meetings</i>	170		<p>Subject to provisions of Section 173 (3) of the Act, notice of not less than seven days of every meeting of the Board of Directors of the Company shall be given in writing to every Director at his address registered with the company and shall be sent by hand delivery or by post or through electronic means.</p> <p>The meeting of the Board may be called at a shorter notice to transact urgent business subject to the condition that at least one Independent Director of the Company shall be present at the meeting. In the event, any Independent Director is not present at the meeting called at shorter notice, the decision taken at such meeting shall be circulated to all the directors and shall be final only on ratification thereof by at least one Independent Director.</p>
<i>Quorum for Meetings</i>	171		<p>The quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be one-third of its total strength (any fraction contained in that one third being rounded off as one), or two directors whichever is higher and the directors participating by video conferencing or by other permitted means shall also counted for the purposes of this Article.</p>
			<p>Provided that where at any time the number of interested Directors exceeds or is equal to two-thirds of the total strength, the number of the remaining Directors, that is to say, the number of the Directors who are not interested, being not less than two, shall be the quorum during such time.</p> <p>Explanation:</p> <p>The expressions "interested Director" shall have the meanings given in Section 184(2) of the said Act and the expression "total strength" shall have the meaning as given in Section 174 of the Act.</p>
<i>Procedure of meeting adjourned for want of Quorum</i>	172	(1)	<p>If a meeting of the Board could not be held for want of a quorum then the meeting shall automatically stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place, or if that day is a National Holiday, till the next succeeding day which is not a National Holiday at the same time and place.</p>
		(2)	<p>The provisions of Article 168 shall not be deemed to have been contravened merely by reason of the fact that a meeting of the Board which has been called in compliance with the terms of that Article could not be held for want of a quorum.</p>

Power of Quorum	173		A meeting of the Directors for the time being at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and directions by law or under the Articles and regulations for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Directors generally.
When meetings to be convened.	174		The Chairman may, and manager or Secretary on the requisition of a Director shall, at any time, summon a meeting of the Board.
Question how decided	175		Questions arising at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairman thereat shall have a second or casting vote.
Chairman of Directors' meetings	176		The Directors may elect a Chairman of their meetings, and determine the period for which he is to hold office, and unless otherwise determined the Chairman shall be elected annually. If no Chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairman is not present within five minutes of the time appointed for holding the same, or is unwilling to preside, the Directors present may choose one of their members to be the Chairman of such meeting.
Directors may appoint Committees	177		Subject to the provisions of Section 179 of the said Act, the Directors may delegate any of their powers, other than powers which by reason of the provisions of the said Act cannot be delegated to committees consisting of such member or members of their body as they may think fit, and they may from time to time revoke and discharge any such Committee either wholly or in part, and either as to persons or purposes. Every Committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed on it by the Directors, and all acts done by any such Committee in conformity with such regulations and in fulfillment of the purpose of their appointment, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect as if done by the Board.
Meeting and proceedings of Committee how governed	178		The meetings and proceedings of any such Committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are applicable thereto, and are not superseded by the express terms of the appointment of any such Committee, or by any regulations made by the Directors.

<i>Resolutions by circular</i>	179			A resolution not being a resolution required by the said Act or otherwise to be passed at a meeting of the Directors, may be passed without any meeting of the Directors or of a committee of Directors provided that the resolution has been circulated in draft, together with the necessary papers, if any, to all the Directors, or to all the members of the Committee as the case may be, at their addresses registered with the Company, by hand delivery or by post or courier or through electronic means as permissible under the relevant Rules and has been approved by a majority of the Directors as are entitled to vote on the resolution.
<i>Validity of acts of Directors</i>	180			All acts done by a person as a Director shall be valid, notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that his appointment was invalid by reason of any defect or disqualification or had terminated by virtue of any provision contained in the said Act or in these Articles. Provided that this Article shall not give validity to acts done by a Director after his appointment has been shown to the company to be invalid or to have terminated.
<i>Minutes of proceedings of the Board and the Committee to be Valid</i>	181			The Directors shall cause minutes to be duly entered in a book or books provided for the purpose in accordance with these presents and section 118 of the Act.
<i>Register of Directors and Key Managerial Person</i>	182	(1)		The Directors shall cause to be kept at the Registered Office (a) a Register mentioned in Article 150 and (b) a Register of Contracts or arrangements of which they are interested, containing the particulars required by Section 189 of the Act.
<i>Inspection of Register</i>		(2)		The provisions contained in Article 103 (1)(b) and 103(2) relating to inspection and taking copies shall be mutatis mutandis be applicable to the registers specified in this Article.
XXII. APPOINTMENT OF KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL				
<i>Appointment of Key Managerial Personnel</i>	183	(1)		Subject to the provisions of the Act, A Key Managerial Personnel may be appointed by the Board for such term at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit and the Key Managerial Personnel so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution in the Board Meeting.
			(i)	Managing Director, or Chief Executive Officer or Manager and in their absence, a whole-time director;

		(ii)	Company Secretary; and
		(iii)	Chief Financial Officer:
XXIII. BORROWING POWERS OF DIRECTORS			
<i>Power to borrow</i>	184	(1)	Subject to clause (2) hereof the Directors may, from time to time at their discretion raise or borrow, or secure the repayment of any loan or advance taken by the Company. Any such moneys may be raised and the payment or repayment of such moneys maybe secured in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as the Directors may think fit and, in particular by promissory notes, or by opening current accounts or by receiving deposits and advances at interest, with or without security, or by the issue of debentures or debenture-stock of the Company charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company (both present and future), including its uncalled capital for the time being, or by mortgaging, charging or pledging any lands, buildings, machinery, plants, goods or other property and securities of the Company, or by such other means as to them may seem expedient.
<i>Restrictions on powers of Board</i>		(2)	The Board of Directors shall not, except with the consent of the Company in General Meeting, borrow moneys where the moneys to be borrowed together with the moneys already borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business) will exceed the aggregate of the paid-up capital of the Company and its free reserves, that is to say, reserves not set apart for any specific purpose.
			No debt by the Company in excess of limit imposed by this Article shall be valid or effectual unless the lender proves that he advanced the loan in good faith and without knowledge that the limit imposed by that Article has been exceeded.
		(3)	Any bonds, debentures, debenture-stock or other securities issued or to be issued by the Company, shall be under the Control of the Directors who may issue them upon such terms and conditions and in such manner and for such consideration as they shall consider to be for the benefit of the Company.

Securities may be assignable free from equities		(4)	Any such debentures, debenture-stock and other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.
		(5)	If any other offer is made to the public to subscribe for or purchase debentures the provisions of the said Act relating to a prospectus shall be complied with.
Issue at discount etc. or with special privilege		(6)	(i) Any such debentures, debenture-stock, bonds or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise, and on condition (with the consent of the Company in General Meeting) and they may have a right to allotment of or be convertible into shares of any denominations, and with any special privileges and conditions as to redemption (or being irredeemable), surrender, drawings, re-issue, attending at General Meeting of the Company, appointment of Directors, and otherwise, provided that no debentures, debenture-stock, bonds or other securities may be issued carrying voting rights.
			(ii) The Company shall have power to re-issue redeemed debentures.
			(iii) A contract with the Company to take up and pay for any debentures of the Company may be enforced by a Deed for specific performance.
Limitation of time for issue of certificates			(iv) The Company, shall within two months after the allotment of any of its shares, and six months after the allotment of any debentures or debenture-stock, and within one month after the application for the registration of the transfer of any shares, debentures or debenture-stock have completed and have ready for delivery the certificates of all shares, the debentures and the certification of all debenture-stock allotted or transferred, unless the conditions of issue of the shares, debentures or debenture-stock otherwise provide The expression "transfer" of the purpose of the sub clause means a transfer duly stamped, dated and otherwise valid, and does not include any transfer which the Company is for any reason entitled to refuse to register and does not register.
Right to obtain called capital		(7)	(i) A copy of any trust deed for securing any issue of debentures shall be forwarded to the holder of any such debentures or any member of the Company at his request and within seven days of the making thereof on payment of rupees ten (Rs.10/-);

			(ii)	The Court may also, by order, direct that the copy required shall forthwith be sent to the person requiring it.
<i>Inspection of Trust Deeds</i>			(iii)	The Trust Deed referred to in sub-clause (i) shall be open inspection by any member or debenture holder of the Company in the same manner, to the same extent, and on payment of the same fees, as if it were the register of members of the Company.
<i>Mortgage of uncalled capital</i>	185			If any uncalled capital of the Company is included in or charged by any mortgage or other security, the Directors may, by instrument under the Company's seal, authorize the person in whose favour such mortgage or other security is executed, or any other person in trust for him to make calls on the members in respect of such uncalled capital, and the provisions hereinbefore contained in regard to call shall mutatis mutandis apply to calls under such authority, and such authority may be made exercisable either conditionally or unconditionally and either presently or contingently, and either to the exclusion of the Directors power or otherwise, and shall be assignable if expressed so to be.
<i>Indemnity may be given</i>	186			If the Directors or any of them or any other person shall become personally liable for the payment of any sum primarily due from the Company, the Board may execute or cause to be executed any mortgage, charge or security over or affecting the whole or any part of the assets of the Company by way of indemnity to secure the Directors or person so becoming liable as aforesaid from any loss in respect of such liability.
<i>Foreign Register of members</i>	187			The Company may exercise the power to keep foreign register of members or debenture holders or other security holders or beneficial owners residing outside India as provided in Section 88 of the Act.
XXIV. POWER OF DIRECTORS				
<i>Business of the Company to be managed by Directors</i>	188	(1)		Subject to the provisions of Section 135, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 188 and 203 of the Act, the Board of Directors of the Company shall be entitled to exercise all such powers, give all such consents, make all such arrangements, be nearly do all such acts and things as are or shall be by the said Act, and the memorandum of association and these precedents directed or authorized to be exercised, given, make or done by the Company and are not thereby expressly directed or required to be exercise, given, made or done by the Company in General Meeting, but subject to such regulations

				being (if any) not inconsistent with the said provisions as from time to time may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting provided that no regulation so made by the company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if the regulations had not been made.
Power to delegate		(2)		Save as provided by the said Act or by these presents and subject to the restrictions imposed by Section 179 of the said Act, the Directors may delegate all or any powers by the said Act or by the Memorandum of Association or by these presents reposed in them.
Specific Powers to Directors	189			Subject to the provisions of Articles 188 but without prejudice to the General Powers thereby conferred and so as not in any way to conferred by these presents, it is hereby expressly declared that the Directors shall have the following powers and authorities, that is to say power and authority:
		(1)	(i)	to enter into agreements with foreign components and other persons for obtaining by granting licence or other terms, formulae and other rights and benefits and to obtain financial and or technical collaboration, technical information, knowhow and expert advice in connection with the activities and business permitted under the Memorandum of Association of the Company.
			(ii)	to take over and acquire the industrial licence, import licence, permit and other rights on payment of actual and out of pocket expenses incurred thereof, and compensation for technical services rendered in connection therewith.
			(iii)	to pay and charge to the Capital / Revenue Account of the Company the legal and other costs, charges and expenses of and preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment and registration of the Company including the stamps and fees paid in respect thereof :
			(iv)	to pay and charge to the Capital / Revenue Account of the Company any commission or interest lawfully payable under the provisions of the said Act :
			(v)	To carry out activities that are specified in Schedule VII of the Act, and for this purpose expend / incur the monies of the Company, and all monies so expended or incurred for this purpose shall also be construed to be for the purpose of the Company's business.

		(2)	to purchase in India or elsewhere any machinery plant, stores and other articles and things for all or any of the objects or purpose of the Company;
		(3)	to purchase, take on lease or otherwise acquire in India any lands (whether freehold, leasehold or otherwise) and with or without houses, buildings, structures or machinery (fixed or loose) and any moveable property, rights or privileges (including intellectual property rights) from any person including a Director in furtherance of or for carrying out its objects, at or for such price or consideration and generally on such terms and conditions and with such titled thereto as they may think fit or may believe or be advised to be reasonable satisfactory.
		(4)	to purchase, or otherwise acquire from any person and to resell, exchange, and repurchase any patent for or licence for the use of any invention.
		(5)	to purchase or otherwise acquire for the Company any other property, formule, concessions, rights and privileges which the Company is authorised to acquire, at or for such price or consideration and generally on such terms and conditions as they may think fit.
		(6)	in any such purchase or other acquisition to accept such titled as the Directors may believe or may be advised to be reasonably satisfactory. At their discretion to pay for any property, rights or privileges acquired by or services rendered to the Company, either wholly or partly in cash or in shares, or in both, or in bonds, debentures, mortgages or other securities of the Company, and any such shares may be issued either as fully paid up or with such amount credited as paid up thereon as may be agreed upon and any bonds, debentures, mortgages or other securities, may be either specifically charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company, and its uncalled capital or not so charged.
		(7)	to sell for cash or on credit or to contract for the sale and future delivery of or to and for sale in any part of India or elsewhere any products or Articles produced, manufactured or prepared by the Company as the Directors may deem advisable.

		(8)	to erect, construct, and build and factories, warehouses, godowns, or other constructions, adopted to the objects of the Company or may be considered expedient or desirable for the objects or purposes of the Company or any of them;
		(9)	to sell from time to time any articles, materials, machinery, plant, stores and other articles and things belonging to the Company as the Directors may think proper and to manufacturer, prepare and sell waste and by-products;
		(10)	from time to time to extend the business and undertaking of the company by adding to, altering, or enlarging all or any of the building, factories, workshops, premises, plant and machinery, for the time being the property or in the possession of the Company, or by erecting new or additional buildings, and to expend such sums of money for the purposes aforesaid or any of them, as may be thought necessary or expedient;
		(11)	to remove all or any of the machinery, plant and other movable property of the Company for the time being in or upon lands, buildings, or premises of the Company to other lands, buildings, or premises;
		(12)	to negotiate for, and subject to the approval of the Company in General Meeting, contract for the sale and transfer of all or any part of the property and undertaking of the Company as a going concern, subject or not subject to all or any of the obligations and liabilities of the Company;
		(13)	to undertake on behalf of the Company the payment of all rents the performance of all covenants, conditions and agreements contained in or reserved by any lease that may be granted or assigned to or otherwise acquired by the Company, and to purchase the reversion or reversions, and otherwise to acquire the freehold or fee-simple of all or any of the lands of the Company for the time being held under lease, or for an estate less than a free hold estate;
		(14)	to improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, sell, re-sell and re-purchase, dispose of, deal with or otherwise turn to account and property (movable or immovable) or any rights or privileges belonging to or at the disposal of the Company or in which the Company is interested;

		(15)	to secure the fulfillment of any contracts or engagements entered into by the Company by mortgage or charge of all or any of the property of the Company and its unpaid capital for the time being or in such manner as they may think fit.
		(16)	to accept from any member, on such terms and conditions as shall be agreed upon and as far as may be permissible by law, a surrender of his shares or any part thereof;
		(17)	to determine from time to time who shall be entitled to sign on Company's behalf bills, notes, receipts, acceptances, endorsement, cheques, dividend warrants, releases, contracts and documents and to give the necessary authority for such purposes;
		(18)	to make advances and loans without any security, or on such security as they may think proper and to take security for already existing debts, and otherwise to invest and deal with any of the moneys of the Company not immediately required for the purpose thereof in Government or Municipal securities, fixed deposits in banks and in such other manner as they may think fit and from time to time vary or realise such investments, and for the purpose aforesaid to authorise such persons within limits to be fixed from time to time by the Board.
		(19)	to make and give receipts, releases and other discharges for moneys payable to, or for goods or property belonging to the Company, and for the claims and demands of the Company;
		(20)	subject to the provisions of Section 179, 180 and 186 of the said Act, to invest and deal with any moneys of the Company not immediately required of the purposes thereof, upon such security (not being shares of the Company) or without security and in such manner as they may think fit, and from time to time to vary or realise such investments, Save as provided in Section 187 of the said Act all investments shall be made and held in the Company's own name;
		(21)	to give to any officer or other person employed by the Company including any Directors so employed, a commission on the profits of any particular business or transaction, or a share in general or particular profits of the Company, and such commission or share of profits shall be treated as part of the working expenses of the Company and to pay commissions and make allowances to any person introducing business to the Company or otherwise assisting its interests;

		(22)	subject to the provisions of Section 187 of the said Act to appoint any person or persons (whether incorporated or not) to accept and hold in trusts for the Company any property belonging to the Company, or in which the Company is interested or for any other purposes and to execute and do all such acts, deeds and things as may be requisite in relation to any such trust, and to provide for the remuneration of such trustee or trustees;
		(23)	to insure and keep insured against loss or damage or fire or otherwise for such period and to such extent as they may think proper all or any part of the buildings, machinery, goods, stores, produce and other movable property of the Company either separately or conjointly, also to insure all or any portion of the goods, produce, machinery and other articles imported or exported by the Company and to sell, assign, surrender or discontinue any policies of assurance effected in pursuance of this power.
		(24)	to attach to any shares to be issued as the consideration or part of the consideration for any contract with or property acquired by the Company, or in payment for services rendered to the Company, such conditions as to the transfer thereof as they think fit;
		(25)	to execute, in the name and on behalf of the Company, in favour of any Director or other person who may incur or be about to incur any personal liability for the benefit of the Company, such mortgages of the Company's property (present and future) as they may think fit and any such mortgage may contain a power of sale and such other powers, covenants and provisions as shall be agreed upon;
		(26)	to institute, conduct, defend, compound, abandon or refer to arbitration any action, suit, appeals, proceedings, for enforcing decrees and orders and other legal proceedings by or against the Company or its officers, or otherwise concerning the affairs of the Company, to compound or compromise and allow time for payment or satisfaction of any debts due and of any claims or demands by or against the Company and to refer the same or arbitration, to observe and perform any awards made there on; to act on behalf of the Company in all matters relating to bankrupts and insolvents;

		(27)	<p>The person duly authorised by the Directors shall be entitled to make, give, sign and execute all and every warrant to use or defend on behalf of the Company, and all and every legal proceedings and compositions or compromise, agreements, and submission to arbitration and agreement to refer to arbitration as may be requisite, and for the purposes aforesaid, the Secretary or such other person may be empowered to use their or his own name on behalf of the Company, and they or he shall be saved harmless and indemnified out of the funds and property of the Company, from and against all costs and damages which they or he may incur or be liable to by reason of their or his name so used as aforesaid.</p>
		(28)	<p>to provide for the welfare of the employees or ex-employees of the Company, and the wives, widows and families or the dependants or connects of such persons and to give, award or allow any pension, gratuity, compensation, grants of money, allowances, bonus, stock options (including other stock related compensation) or other payment to or for the benefit of such persons as may appear to the Directors just and proper, whether they have or have not a legal claim upon the Company, and before recommending any dividends to set aside portions of the profits of the Company to form a fund to provide for such payments and in particular to provide for the welfare of such persons, by building or contributing to the building of houses, dwelling or chawls, or by creating and from time to time subscribing or contributing to provident and other associations, institutions, funds, or trusts and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards places of instruction and recreation, hospitals and dispensaries, medical and other attendance and other assistance as the Directors shall think fit; and to subscribe or contribute or otherwise to assist or to guarantee money to charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, national or other institutions, or objects which shall have any moral or other claim to support or aid by the Company either by reason of locality of operation or of public and general utility.</p>

(29)

before recommending any dividend, to set aside, out of the profits of the Company such sums for depreciation as provided in Section 123 of the said Act and such sums as they think proper for creating reserves, general or specific or special funds to meet contingencies or to repay debentures or debenture-stock or to pay off preference of other shareholders subject to the sanction of the Court when the same is required by law on for payment of dividends or equalising dividend or for special dividends or bonus or for repairing, improving, extending and maintaining any part of the property of the Company and for such other purposes (including the purposes referred to in the preceding clause) as the Directors may in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interest of the Company and from time to time to carry forward such sums as may be deemed expedient and to invest and deal with the several sums to set aside or any part thereof as provided in Clause (18) of this Article as they think fit, and from time to time to deal with and vary such investment and dispose of and apply and expend the same or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company in such manner and for such purpose as the Directors in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interest of the Company notwithstanding that the matters to which the Directors apply or upon which they expend the same or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company in such manner and for such purpose as the Directors in their absolute discretion think conducive to the interest of the Company notwithstanding that the matter to which the Directors apply or upon which they expend the same or any part thereof may be matters to and upon which the capital money of the Company might rightly be applied or expended and the Directors may divide the Reserve or any Fund into such special funds and transfer any sum from one fund to another as they may think fit and may employ the assets constituting all or any of the above funds including Depreciation Fund or any part thereof in the business of the Company or in the purchase or repayment of debentures or debenture-stock or preference shares or in payment of special dividend or bonus and that without being bound to keep the same separate from the other assets, and without being bound to pay interest for the same with power however to the Directors at their discretion to pay or allow to the credit of such funds or any of them the interest at such rate as the Directors may think proper not exceeding 9 percent per annum.

		(30)	<p>from time to time and at any time to entrust to and confer upon the officers for the time being of the Company, and to authorise, or empower them to exercise and perform and by Power-of-Attorney under seal to appoint any person to be the Attorney of the Company and invest them with such of their powers, authorities, duties and discretion exercisable by or conferred or imposed upon the Directors, but not the power to make Calls or other power which by law are expressly stated to be incapable of delegation as the Directors may think fit, and for such time and to be exercise for such objects and purposes and subject to such restrictions and conditions, as the Directors may think proper or expedient, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of and in substitution for all or any of the powers, authorities, duties and discretions of the Directors in that behalf, with authority to the Secretary or such officers or attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities, duties, and discretions for the time being vested in or conferred upon them and from time to time to revoke all such appointments of attorney and withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers, authorities, duties and discretions;</p>
		(31)	<p>to appoint, and at their pleasure to remove, discharge, or suspend and to re-employ or replace, for the management, of the business, secretaries, managers, experts, engineers, accountants, agents, subagents, bankers, brokers, muccadums, solicitors, officers, clerks, servants and other employees for permanent, temporary or special services as the Directors may from time to time think fit, and to determine their powers and duties and fix their emoluments, salaries, wages, and to require security in such instances and to such amount as they think fit, and to ensure and arrange for guarantee for fidelity of any employees of the Company and to pay such premiums on any policy of guarantee as may from time to time become payable;</p>

	(32)	<p>from time to time and at any time to establish any local Board for managing any of the affairs of the Company in any specified locality in India or elsewhere and to appoint any persons to be members of any Local Boards and to fix their remuneration. And from time to time and at any time to delegate to any person so appointed any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in the Directors, other than their power to make a Call and to authorise the members for the time being of any such Local Board, or any of them to fill up any vacancies therein and to act notwithstanding vacancies and any such appointment or delegation may be made on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and the Directors may at any time remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation. Any such delegate may be authorised by the Directors to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in him.</p>
	(33)	<p>at any time and from time to time by power-of-attorney to appoint any person or persons to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these presents) and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Directors may from time to time think fit and any such appointment (if the Directors think fit) may be made in favour of the members or any of the members of any Local Board established as aforesaid or in favour of any Company or the members, Directors, nominees, or Managers of any company or firm or otherwise in favour of any fluctuating body or persons whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, and any such Power-of- attorney may contain such powers for the protection or convenience of persons dealing with such Attorney as the Directors may think fit.</p>

		(34)	<p>from time to time to provide for the management transaction of the affairs of the Company outside the Registered Office or in any specified locality in India or outside India, in such manner as they think fit and in particular to appoint any person to be the Attorneys or agents of the Company with such powers, authorities and discretions (including power to sub-delegate) but not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors, and also not the power to make calls or issue debentures and for such period, and upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and at any time to remove any person so appointed or withdraw or vary any such powers as may be thought fit, and for that purpose the Company may exercise the powers conferred by Section 88 of the Act relating to keep in any State or country outside India a foreign Register respectively and such powers shall accordingly be vested in the Directors.</p>
		(35)	<p>for or in relation to any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise for the purpose and objects of the Company to enter into all such negotiations and contracts and rescind and vary all such contracts, and execute, perform and do and sanction, and authorise all such acts, deeds, matters and things, including matters that are incidental and/or ancillary thereto, in the same and on behalf of the Company as they may consider expedient;</p>
		(36)	<p>to open accounts with any bank or bankers or with any Company, firm or individual for the purpose of the Company's business and to pay money into and draw money from any such account from time to time as the Directors may think fit.</p>
		(37)	<p>generally subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles to delegate the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Directors to any Key Managerial Personnel, firm, company or fluctuating body of persons as aforesaid.</p>
		(38)	<p>to authorise the issue of securities (including depository receipts), whether convertible to shares or not, as per applicable laws, either as a primary issue or a secondary offering.</p>

XXV. MANAGING DIRECTORS

Power to appoint Managing Director	190		Subject to the provisions of Section 196, 197, and 203 of the Act, the Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to be Managing Director, Joint Managing Director or Managing Directors, Whole-time Director, Manager or Chief Executive Officer of the Company either for a fixed term or without any limitation as to the period for which he or they is or are to hold such office but in any case not exceeding five years at a time and may from time to time remove or dismiss him or them from office and appoint another or others in his or their place or places.
What provisions he will be subject to	191		A Managing Director or Joint Managing Director subject to the provisions contained in Article 183 shall not while he continues to hold that office be subject to retirement by rotation and he shall not be taken into account in determining the rotation of retirement of Directors or the number of Directors to retire but he shall, subject to the terms of any contract between him and the Company, be subject to the same provisions as to resignation and removal as the Directors of the Company, and if he ceases to hold the office of Directors from any cause shall ipso facto and immediately cease to be Managing Director.
Remuneration of Managing Director	192		The remuneration of a Managing Director and Joint Managing Director shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors and may be by way of salary or commission or participating in profits or by way or all of those modes or in other forms shall be subject to the limitations prescribed in Section 197 of the Act.
Powers and duties of Managing Directors	193		The Directors may from time entrust to and upon a Managing Director or Joint Managing Director for the time being such of the powers exercisable under these Articles by the Directors as they may think fit, and may confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they think expedient, and they may confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of and in substitution for all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers, unless and until otherwise determined a Managing Director may exercise all the powers exercisable by the Directors, save such powers as by the Act or by these Articles shall be exercisable by the Directors themselves.

XXVI. SECRETARY

<i>Appointment of Company Secretary</i>	194			The Directors may from time to time appoint and at their discretion remove, a person (hereinafter called "the Company Secretary") to keep the Registers required to be kept by the Company, to perform any other function which by the said Act or by these Articles are to be performed by the Secretary and to execute any other duties which may from time to time be assigned to the Secretary by the Directors.
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XXVII. INDEMNITY TO AND PROTECTION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

<i>Indemnity</i>	195	(1)		The Board shall be entitled to meet out of the funds of the Company to defend, every officer of the Company as defined by Section 2(59) of the said Act, or any person (whether an officer of the Company or not) employed by the Company, against all claims made on them (including losses, expenses, fines, penalties or such levies), in or about the discharge of their respective duties.
		(2)		Every Officer of the Company, as defined by Section 2(59) of the said Act, or any person (whether an Officer of the Company or not) employed by the Company, shall be entitled to direct the company to meet all claims, losses, expenses, fines, penalties or such other levies, expended by them, respectively in or about the discharge of their respective duties, out of the funds of the Company against all such liabilities, including attorney fees, incurred by them in defending any proceedings under the Act, or other laws applicable to the Company, and/or its subsidiaries in any jurisdiction.
		(3)		The Company may take and maintain any insurance as the Board may think fit on behalf of its directors (present and former), other employees and the Key Managerial Personnel, for insurers to directly meet all claims, losses, expenses, fines, penalties or such other levies, or for indemnifying any or all of them against any such liability for any acts in relation to the Company for which they may be liable.

<p><i>Directors and Other officers not responsible or acts of others</i></p>	<p>196</p>		<p>No Director of the Company, Manager, Secretary, Trustee, Auditor and other officer or servant of the Company shall be liable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other Director or officer or servant or for joining in any receipts or other act for the sake of conformity merely or for any loss or expenses happening to the Company through the insufficiency or deficiency in point of titles or value of any property acquired by the order of the Directors for or on behalf of the Company or mortgaged to the Company or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency or tortuous act of any person, company or corporation to or with whom any moneys, securities or effects of the Company shall be entrusted or deposited or for any loss occasioned by any error of judgement, omission default or oversight on his part or for any other loss, damage or misfortune whatever which shall happen in relation to the execution or performance of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happen through his own dishonesty.</p>
	<p>197</p>		<p>An Independent Director, and a non-executive director not being a promoter or a Key Managerial Personnel, shall be liable only in respect of acts of omission or commission, by the Company which had occurred with his knowledge, attributable through Board processes, and with his consent or connivance or where he has not acted diligently.</p>
<p>XXVIII. SEAL</p>			
<p><i>The Seal, its custody and use</i></p>	<p>198</p>	<p>(1)</p>	<p>The Directors shall provide a Common Seal for the purpose of the Company and shall have power from time to time to destroy the same and substitute a new seal in lieu thereto and the Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the seal for the time being. The seal of the Company shall never be used except by the authority of a resolution of the Board of Directors and in presence of one of Directors or such other persons as the Board may authorise who will sign in token thereof and countersigned by such officers or persons at the Directors may from time to time resolve.</p>

		(2)		Any instrument bearing the Common Seal of the Company and issued for valuable consideration shall be binding on the Company notwithstanding any irregularity touching the authority of the Directors to issue the same.
XXIX. NOTICES AND SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS				
<i>Members to notify Address for registration</i>	199			<p>It shall be imperative on every member or notify to the Company for registration his place of address in India and if he has no registered address within India to supply to the Company an address within India for giving of notices to him.</p> <p>A member may notify his email address if any, to which the notices and other documents of the company shall be served on him by electronic mode.</p> <p>The Company's obligation shall be satisfied when it transmits the email and the company shall not be responsible for failure in transmission beyond its control.</p>
<i>Notice</i>	200			<p>Subject to Section 20 of the said Act, a document may be served by the Company on any member thereof by sending it to him by post or by registered post or by speed post or by courier or by delivering at his address (within India) supplied by him to the company for the service of notices to him.</p> <p>The term courier means person or agency who or which delivers the document and provides proof of its delivery.</p>
<i>Transfer of successors in title of members bound by notice given to previous holders</i>	201			<p>Every person, who by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever, shall become entitled to any share, shall be bound by any and every notice and other document in respect of such share which previous to his name and address being entered upon the register shall have been duly given to the person from whom he derives his title to such share.</p>
<i>When notice may be given by advertisement</i>	202			<p>Any notice required to be given by the Company to the members or any of them and not expressly provided for by these presents shall be sufficiently given, if given by advertisement, once in English and once in a vernacular daily newspaper circulating in the city, town or village in which the registered office of the Company is situate.</p>

<i>Service of notice good notwithstanding death of member</i>	203			Any notice or document served in the manner hereinbefore provided shall notwithstanding such member be then dead and whether or not the Company has notice of his death, be deemed to have been duly served in respect of any share, whether held solely or jointly with other persons by such member, until some other person be registered in his stead as the holder or joint-holder thereof and such service, for all purposes of these presents be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or documents on his heirs, executors, administrators and all person (if any) jointly interested with him in any such shares.
<i>Signature to notice</i>	204			Any notice given by the Company shall be signed (digitally or electronically) by a Director or by the Secretary or some other officer appointed by the Directors and the signature thereto may be written, facsimile, printed, lithographed, photostat.
<i>Service of documents on company</i>	205			A document may be served on the Company or on an officer thereof by sending it to the Company or officer at the Registered Office of the Company by post or by Registered Post or by leaving it at its Registered Office, or by means of such electronic mode or other mode as may be specified in the relevant Rules.
XXX. SECRECY CLAUSE				
<i>Secrecy Clause</i>	206			No member shall be entitled to visit any works of the Company without the permission of the Directors or to require discovery of or any information respecting any detail of the Company's working, trading or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a secret, mystery of trade or secret process, which may relate to the conduct of the business of that Company and which in the opinion of the Directors, it will be inexpedient in the interest of the members of the Company to communicate to the public.
XXXI. WINDING-UP				
	207			If upon the winding-up of the Company, the surplus assets shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the paid-up capital, the excess shall be distributed amongst the members in proportion to the capital paid or which ought to have been paid-up on the shares at the commencement of the winding-up held by them respectively, other than the amounts paid in advance of calls. If the surplus assets shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid-up capital, such surplus assets shall be distributed so that as nearly as may be the losses shall be borne by the members

			in proportion to the capital paid-up or which ought to have been paid-up at the commencement of the winding-up on the shares held by them respectively, other than the amounts paid by them in advance of calls. But this Article is without prejudice to the rights of the holders of any shares issued upon special terms and conditions and shall not be construed so as to or be deemed to confer upon them any rights greater than those conferred by the terms and conditions of issue.
Distribution of assets in specie	208		If the Company shall be wound-up whether voluntarily or otherwise, the following provisions shall take effect:
		(1)	the Liquidator may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution, divide among the contributories in specie or kind any part of the assets of the Company and may, with the like sanction, vest any part of the assets of the Company in trustees upon such trust for the benefit of the contributories or any of them, as the Liquidator with the like sanction shall think fit.
		(2)	If thought fit any such division may be otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the contributories (except where unalterably fixed by the Memorandum of Association) and in particular any class may be given preferential or special rights or may be excluded altogether or in part but in case any division otherwise than in accordance with the legal rights of the contributories shall be determined on any contributory who would be prejudiced thereby shall have the right to dissent and shall have ancillary rights as if such determination were a Special Resolution passed pursuant to Section 319 of the said Act.
		(3)	In case any shares to be divided as aforesaid involve a liability to calls or otherwise any person entitled under such division to any of the said shares, may, within seven days after the passing of the Special Resolution by notice in writing, direct the Liquidator to sell his proportion and pay him the proceeds and the Liquidator shall, if practicable, act accordingly.

<p><i>Liquidator may sell for shares in another company</i></p>	<p>209</p>		<p>Any such Liquidator may, irrespective of the powers conferred upon him by the said Act and as an additional power conferring a general or special authority, sell the undertaking of the Company or the whole or any part of its assets for shares fully or partly paid-up or the obligations of or other interest in any other company and may by the contract of sale agree for the allotment to the members directly of the proceeds of sale in proportion to their respective interests in the Company and in case the shares of this Company shall be of different classes, may arrange for the allotment in respect of preference shares of the Company, to obligations of the purchasing company or of shares of the purchasing company with preference or priority over or with a larger amount paid-up than the shares allotted in respect of ordinary shares of this Company and may further by the contract, limit a time at the expiration of which shares, obligations or other interests not accepted or required to be sold, shall be deemed to have been refused and be at the disposal of the Liquidator.</p>
<p><i>Sale under Sections 319 of the Companies Act, 2013</i></p>	<p>210</p>		<p>Upon any sale under the last preceding Article or under the powers given by Section 319 of the said Act, no member shall be entitled to require the Liquidator either to abstain from carrying into effect the sale or the resolution authorising the same or to purchase such member's interest in this Company, but in case any member shall be unwilling to accept the share, obligations or interests to which under such sale he would be entitled, he may, within seven days of the passing of the resolution authorising the sale, by notice in writing to the Liquidator, require him to sell such shares, obligations or interests and thereupon the same shall be sold in such manner as the Liquidator may think fit and the proceeds shall be paid over to the member requiring such sale.</p>
<p>XXXII. GENERAL POWERS</p>			
<p><i>General Power</i></p>	<p>211</p>		<p>Where any provisions of the said Act, provides that the Company shall do such act, deed, or thing, or shall have a right, privilege or authority to carry out a particular transaction, only if it is so authorised in its Articles, in respect of all such acts, deeds, things, rights, privileges and authority, this article hereby authorises the Company to carry out the same, without the need for any specific or explicit Article in that behalf.</p>

We, the several persons, whose names, addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of these Articles of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names:-

Sr. No	Names, Addresses, Descriptions Occupations and Signature of the Subscribers	Number of equity shares taken by each Subscriber	Name, Address, Description and Occupation of the Common Witness
1.	Crescent Holdings & Enterprises Private Limited C-58, Sunder Apartments V.N. Purav Marg, Chembur, Mumbai 400 071. For Crescent Holdings & Enterprises Private Limited Sd/- G.S. Sadhasivan Director	40 (Forty)	N. Gopalaratnam 29/451, Kannanwar Nagar, Vikhroli (E) Bombay 400 083. Service Sd/-
2.	Florida Holdings and Trading Private Limited C-58, Sunder Apartments V.N. Purav Marg, Chembur, Mumbai 400 071. For Florida Holdings and Trading Private Limited Sd/- G.S. Sadhasivan Director	40 (Forty)	
3.	Shri Wilbert R. D'Souza 17/A, Usha Sadan, Next to Colaba Post Office Colaba, Mumbai 400 005. Sd/- Company Executive	20 (Twenty)	
	Total :	100 (oneHundred)	

Place : Mumbai

Dated this 4th day of May, 1997